This is the English translation for reference purposes only

Stock code: 7244

March 9, 2023

(Starting date of measures for electronic provision March 3, 2023)

To Our Shareholders

Itado 80, Isehara-shi, Kanagawa-ken ICHIKOH INDUSTRIES, LTD. Representative Director & Chairman Ali Ordoobadi

## Notice of the 93rd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

We appreciate your continuing support to our company.

This is to inform you that the 93rd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of ICHIKOH INDUSTRIES, LTD will be held as described below.

For this General Meeting of Shareholders, we are taking the measures for electronic provision and the matters on the measures for electronic provision are published as "Notice of the 93rd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders" on the following website on the Internet.

## https://www.ichikoh.com/

Please review the material by selecting "For Inventors," "IR Library," "Notice of Shareholders Meeting" in the above website of our company.

In addition to the website above, information on the measures for electronic provision is also published on the website of the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE). Please access the website below and enter and search the issue name (company name) or securities code, and select "basic information" and "Inspection documents/PR information" and confirm

Website of TSE (TSE listed company information service)

https://www2.jpx.co.jp/tseHpFront/JJK010010Action.do?Show=Show

You can exercise your voting rights in writing or electromagnetic means (via the Internet, etc.) instead of attending the meeting in person. Please review the "Reference Documents for the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders" which is published in the matters on electronic provision measures and exercise your voting rights in accordance with "4. Decisions made in convening the meeting" by 5:30 p.m., Thursday, March 23, 2023.

Date and Time: Friday, Mar 24, 2023 10:00 AM

.

Place: 348 Tanaka, Isehara-shi, Kanagawa-ken

#### Isehara Civic Culture Center, Small Hall on the 1st Floor

## 3. Agenda:

Matters to be Reported:

- Business Report, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Audit Results of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the 93rd Fiscal Year (from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022) by the Accounting Auditor and the Board of Auditors.
- 2. Report of the Non-consolidated Financial Statements for the 93rd Fiscal Year (from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022).

Matters to be Resolved:

Proposal No. 1:Disposition of Surpluses

Proposal No. 2: Election of Eight (8) Directors

Proposal No. 3: Election of One (1) Substitute Corporate Auditor

- 4. Decisions made in Convening the meeting
  - (1) Exercising Voting Rights in Writing
    Please indicate your approval or disapproval on the enclosed Voting Rights Exercise
    Form and return it so that it arrives no later than 5:30 PM on Thursday, March 23,
    2023.
  - (2) Exercising Voting Rights via the Internet, etc.

    When exercising voting rights via the Internet, etc., please refer to "Information on exercising voting rights via the Internet, etc." on page 4 and exercise by 5:30 PM on Thursday, March 23, 2023.
  - (3) Exercising your voting rights twice in writing and via the Internet, etc.

    The exercise of voting rights via the Internet, etc., will be taken as the validly exercised votes. If voting rights are exercised multiple times via the Internet, etc., the last one will be taken as the validly exercised votes.
  - (4) If there is no indication of approval or disapproval for each proposal on the Voting Rights Exercise Form that you send back to us, it is treated as an indication of approval.
  - (5) Based on laws and regulations and the provisions of Article 15 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the following matters among the measures for electronic provision are not stated in the documents delivered to shareholders who request delivery of documents. Therefore, the documents delivered to shareholders who request delivery of documents constitute only by a part of the documents subject to audit by the Corporate Auditor and the Accounting Auditor when preparing the audit report.
    - 1. Matters on the business report
    - "Status of Accounting Auditor" and "Systems to ensure appropriate business execution and status of execution"
    - 2. Matters on the Consolidated Financial Statements

- "Consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity," "Notes of the Consolidated Financial Statements," "Accounting Auditor's Report Regarding the Consolidated Financial Statements" and "Audit Report of the Board of Corporate Auditors"
  - 3. Matters on Non-Consolidated Financial Statements

"Non-Consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity," "Notes of the Non-consolidated Financial Statements," "Accounting Auditor's Report" and "Audit Report of the Board of Corporate Auditors"

------

You are kindly requested to present the enclosed Voting Rights Exercise Form to the person at the reception when you attend the meeting in person.

If any changes are made in the matters on the measures for electronic provision, they will be published on the website, which publishes the matters on the measures electronic provision.

If there are any material changes regarding operation and place of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, we will notify them on our website (http://www.ichikoh.com/).

### Information of Exercising Voting Rights via the Internet, etc.

When exercising voting rights via the Internet, etc., please be aware of the following matters in advance.

### 1. Website for exercising voting rights

- (1) Voting rights can be exercised via the Internet, etc., only by using the following website for exercising voting rights designated by the Company.
  - Website Address https://www.web54.net
- (2) If you exercise voting rights using smartphone, please use "Smart Exercising". By scanning the "Login QR Code of website for Exercising Voting Rights for Smartphones" on the enclosed Voting Rights Exercise Form, you can exercise voting rights from website for exercising voting rights without entering the "Voting Rights Exercise Code" and "Password".
  - Please note that you will need to scan the QR code again and enter the "Voting Rights Exercise Code" and "Password" printed on the Voting Rights Exercise Form if you want to change the content of the right you exercised after exercising your voting rights.
- \* For details, please refer to the enclosed information brochure.

### 2. Handling of your exercise of voting rights

- (1) When exercising voting rights via the Internet, etc., please use the "Voting Rights Exercise Code" and "Password" printed on the enclosed Voting Rights Exercise form, and enter your votes following the on-screen guidance.
- (2) The deadline for exercising voting rights is 5:30 PM on Thursday, March 23, 2023, so please exercise your rights as soon as possible.
- (3) If you exercise your voting rights twice in writing and via the Internet, etc., the exercise of voting rights via the Internet, etc., will be taken as the validly exercised votes. If voting rights are exercised multiple times via the Internet, etc., the last one will be taken as the validly exercised votes.
- (4) Internet provider's connection fee and communication fees to your telecommunication service provider (including access fees) for accessing website for exercising voting rights shall be borne by the shareholder.

#### 3. Handling of passwords and voting rights codes

- (1) The Password is a crucial means through which to ascertain that a voting person is really a qualified shareholder. Please handle it with care as well as your personal seal and security code.
- (2) If you enter the wrong password more than a certain number of times, your password will be rendered unusable. If you would like re-issue your password, please follow the on-screen guidance.
- (3) The code for exercising voting rights on the Voting Rights Exercise Form is valid only at this general meeting.

### 4. For inquiries regarding the operation of personal computers

- If you have any questions regarding the operation of personal computers in relation to the exercise of your voting rights, please call the number below.
   Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited Security Agent Web Support Dedicated Dial [Tel No.] 0120 (652) 031 (Service hours 9:00~21:00)
- (2) For other inquiries, please contact below.
  - i . Shareholders who have accounts at securities companies The securities companies in which you have your account
  - ii .Shareholders who do not have an account at a securities companies (Shareholders who have special account)Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited Security Agent Business Center

[Tel No.] 0120 (782) 031 (Service hours  $9:00\sim17:00$  excluding weekends and holidays)

### 5. Platform for exercising voting rights

Institutional investors who applied to exercise the voting rights using the platform operated by a joint venture (ICJ Co., Ltd.) in advance, can use such platform as a method of an electromagnetic means to exercise voting rights of the Shareholders' Meeting of the Company in addition to the above-mentioned exercise of voting rights via the Internet.

## Reference Materials for the Shareholders Meeting

# Proposal No. 1: Disposition of Surpluses

Regarding disposal of surpluses, the improvement of the corporate value by research and development and capital investment, and the improvement of the return of profit to shareholders being the basic policies, and comprehensively taking into the consideration a current highly competitive environment and security of the level of payout ratio, we propose to distribute the dividends as follows.

# Description regarding year-end dividends

- (1) Class of dividend assets
  Cash
- (2) Description of distributed assets and the total amounts thereof 4.5 yen per one Ichikoh share; total amount 432,508,442 yen.
- (3) Effective Date distribution of dividend March 27, 2023

# Proposal No. 2: Appointment of Eight (8) Directors

The term of all of the nine (9) Directors, Ali Ordoobadi, Christophe Vilatte, Kazuyuki Miyashita, Hideo Nakano, Hideki Shirato, Maurizio Matinelli, Raul Perez, Hideo Aomatsu, and Jean-Jacques Lavigne will expires at the close of this Shareholders' Meeting. Therefore, we propose to appoint 8 Directors.

The candidates for Directors are as follows.

			Number
	Br	rief Profile, Positions and	of
		esponsibilities at Ichikoh	Ichikoh
Name	_	Important concurrent positions	Shares
(Date of Birth)	<b>L</b>	in other companies]	held
	June 2008:	Ichikoh Director	
	October 2010:	Representative Director &	
		President, supervising Audit	
		Department and Quality HQ	
	June 2011:	Representative Director,	
		supervising Audit Department and	
		R&D HQ	
	April 2012:	Representative Director &	
		President, supervising Audit	
		Department of the Company	
	June 2017:	Representative Director &	
		Chairman & CEO, supervising	
		Audit Department of the Company	
		(to date)	
	[Background v		
	1987:	Siemens Technical Center R&D	
Candidate	1000	Engineer	
	1999:	Valeo Group Vice President	
No. 1		responsible for China	
[For re-election]	0007	(Valeo China HQ)	
	2007:	Valeo Group Vice President	64,100
Ali Ordoobadi		responsible for East Asia,	,
		Representative Director & President of Valeo Japan Co., Ltd.	
Nov. 15, 1960	2010:	Valeo Group Vice President	
	2010.	responsible for Japan,	
		Representative Director of Valeo	
		Engine Cooling Japan Co., Ltd.	
		Representative Director &	
		President of Valeo Japan Co., Ltd.	
	June 2017	Representative Director &	
		President of Valeo Japan Co., Ltd.	
	Mar 2018	Representative Director & President	
		of Valeo Japan Co., Ltd.	
		Director of Valeo Kapec Japan KK	
		(to date)	
	[Important cor	ncurrent positions in other	
	Company]	Total positions in outer	
		ve Director & President of Valeo	
	Japan Co., Lt		
	KK		

Reason for Candidacy for Director

Since taking the position of Representative Director in 2010, he has reinforced and improved performance of our group by focusing the business resources into our core businesses. He has also reinforced a governance system, including stronger compliance. He is continuously nominated as a candidate for a Director in order to secure sustainable growth of the Company.

Length of service as Director (at the close of this Shareholders Meeting): 14 years and 9 months

	1	Number
	Brief Profile, Positions and	of
	Responsibilities at Ichikoh	Ichikoh
Name	[Status of Important concurrent positions	Shares
(Date of Birth)	in other companies]	held
	August 2011 Executive Officer Finance HQ	
	Director of Ichikoh	
	July 2012 Ichikoh Managing Executive Officer	
	Finance HQ Director	
	June 2014 Ichikoh Managing Executive Officer	
	Lighting BU Director	
	June 2017 Director & Ichikoh Senior Managing	
	Executive Officer Lighting RO	
	Director  March 2021 Paragantative Director & President	
	March 2021 Representative Director & President CEO,	
	Lighting BU Director	
	(to date)	
	[Background with Other Companies]	
	1996 Valeo Klimasysteme GmbH (ex-	
	Siemens) Industrial & Project	
	Controller (Germany)	
	2000 Zexel Valeo Climate Control	
	Corporation, Financial Controller	
	Overseas Divisions & General	
	Manager Management Planning	
Candidate	Department	
No. 2	Valeo Climate Control (France) Cabin Air Filtration Division, Division	
	General Manager	9,150
[For re-election]	2010 Valeo Climate Control (France)	9,100
Christophe Vilatte	Product Group Aftermarket Director	
(May 28, 1972)	Trouble Group Theormarket Birector	
,	[Important positions in other Company]	
	Has held no other important positions in other	
	companies from taking the position of Executive	
	Officer of Ichikoh.	
	Reason for Candidacy for Director	
	After more than 20 years spent in the automotive industry working worldwide, he has been	
	developing an extensive knowledge of this	
	industry and has been also showing extraordinary	
	performance in management. He is currently	
	responsible for the management of Lighting	
	Business of the Company, and he is continuously	
	nominated as candidate for a Director because we	
	judged that, by utilizing his insights and	
	experiences in deliberations at the Board of	
	Directors, he can contribute to the improvement of	
	the corporate value of our Company group.	
	Longth of gowing as Director (at the slave of the	
	Length of service as Director (at the close of this Shareholders Meeting): 5 years and 9 months	
	phareholders meeting). 5 years and 5 months	

			Number
			$\mathbf{of}$
		ief Profile, Positions and	Ichikoh
NT		sponsibilities at Ichikoh	Shares
Name	[Status of		
(Date of Birth)	in other compa		held
	April 1990:	Joined Ichikoh Industries, Ltd.	
	October 2006	Manager of Start of Production	
		Quality Assurance Section,	
	October 2008	Quality HQ	
	October 2008	GM of Project QCD Assurance Department	
	March 2009	GM of Project Management	
	March 2005	Department	
	April 2010	Executive Officer & GM of Project	
	11p111 <b>2</b> 010	Management Department	
	June 2011	Managing Director, supervising	
		Project Management Design HQ	
	April 2012	Managing Director, supervising	
		Project Management HQ and	
	_	R&D HQ	
	June 2012	Director & Managing executive	
		Officer responsible for Project	
	A1 2014	Management HQ and R&D HQ	
	April 2014	Director & Managing Executive Officer responsible for Project	
Q 11.1		Management HQ and Production	
Candidate		Division	
No. 3	February 2016	Birector & Managing Executive	
[For re-election]			
		Officer responsible for Project Management HQ/Project	19,589
Kazuyuki		Progress Control Office and	
Miyashita		Production Division Manager	
· ·	June 2016	Director & Senior Managing	
(Nov. 9, 1966)		Executive Officer responsible for	
		R&D HQ/Project Progress	
		Control Office, Manager of Project Management HQ and	
		Industrial HQ	
	April 2017	Director & Senior Managing	
		Executive Officer responsible for	
		R&D HQ/Adv.Dev. HQ/Project	
		Progress Control Office, Manager	
		of Project Management HQ and	
	N	Industrial HQ	
	May 2017	Director & Senior Managing	
		Executive Officer responsible for	
		R&D HQ/, Adv.Dev.	
		HQ/Industrial HQ/Project Progress Control Office and	
		General Manager of Project	
		Management HQ	
	April 2018	Director & Senior Managing	
		Executive Officer responsible for	
		R&D HQ/, Adv.Dev. HQ/ Process	

Engineering HQ/Project Progress Control Office and General Manager of Project Management HQ

February 2019 Director & Senior Managing

Executive Officer responsible for R&D HQ/, Adv.Dev. HQ/ Process Engineering HQ and General Manager of Project Management

June 2020 Director & Senior Managing

> Executive Officer responsible for R&D HQ/, Adv.Dev. HQ and General Manager of Project

Management HQ

March 2021 Representative Director & Deputy

> President CTO, responsible for R&D HQ/, Adv.Dev. HQ, Director of Project Management HQ

(to date)

[Important positions in other Company] Has held no other important positions in other companies since joined the Company.

Reason for Candidacy for Director

After being involved for a long time in new product project management and quality control and further overseeing design and development and production, he has been performing his duties by a high level of knowledge of manufacturing and engineering. He is continuously nominated as a candidate to continue as a Director because it is judged that continuously using his knowledge and experience is necessary to raise the value of our business.

Length of service as Director (at the close of this Shareholders Meeting): 11 years and 9 months

			Number
	D		of
	Brief Profi	le, Positions and Responsibilities at	Ichikoh
Name	Status of In	Ichikoh nportant concurrent positions in	Shares
(Date of Birth)	[Status of III	other companies]	held
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	May 2014	Joined Ichikoh as the General	
		Manager of Corporate Planning	
	_	Department	
	June 2014	Ichikoh Executive Officer, General	
		Manager of Corporate Planning	
	June 2016	Department Director & Ichikoh Executive Officer	
	oune 2010	responsible for Corporate Planning	
		Department, Legal Department,	
		Finance Headquarters and Compass	
		GCC Department	
	Jan 2017	Director & Ichikoh Managing	
		Executive Officer responsible for	
		Corporate Planning Department, Legal Department and Finance	
		Headquarters	
	June 2017	Director & Ichikoh Senior Managing	
		Executive Officer responsible for	
		Corporate Planning Department,	
		Legal Department and Finance	
Candidate	Manala 0001	Headquarters	
No. 4	March 2021	Director & Senior Managing Executive Officer CFO, responsible	
110. 4		for Corporate Planning Department,	
		Legal Department and Finance	00 100
fra 1 1		Headquarters	26,133
[For re-election]	[D ]	(to date)	
Hideki Shirato		with Other Companies	
(Jun. 4,1959)	April 1983	Joined The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited	
	June 1998	Deputy General Manager, Chicago	
		Branch of same bank	
	March 2003	General Manager, Americas Office of	
		Structured Finance Sales Dept.,	
	M	Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.	
	March 2006	General Manager, Advisory Dept. 5, Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.	
	June 2008	General Manager., Investment Bank	
	Jane 2000	Dept. 6 of the same company	
	April 2012	President, Mizuho Americas LLC	
	  [Important.r	positions in other Company]	
		other important positions in other	
	companies fi	rom taking the position of General	
	_	Corporate Planning Department of	
	Ichikoh to pi	resent.	
	Reason for C	Candidacy for Director	
		aperior insight regarding business	
		which has been developed through	

broad experience with financial institutions, including overseas company. At present, responsible for Corporate Planning Department, Legal Department and Finance Headquarters, he is pursuing work regarding business/governance/finance strategies. He is continuously nominated as a candidate for Director because it is judged that he can contribute to increase the value of our group's business by making use of this knowledge and experience in deliberations of the Board of Directors' meetings going forward.

Length of service as Director (at the close of this Shareholders Meeting): 6 years and 9 months

Name (Date of Birth)	Brief Profile, Positions and Responsibilities at Ichikoh [Status of Important concurrent positions in other companies]	Number of Ichikoh Shares held
Candidate No. 5	2017 June Director, Ichikoh (to date)  [Background with Other Companies] 1994 Allied Signal Automotive Breaking Systems 2000 Division general manager of Valeo Lighting Systems Italy 2005 Director of Valeo Lighting Systems Northern Europe 2008 Vice-President of Valeo Engine Cooling Branch 2010 Vice-President of Thermal Powertrain, Thermal Systems Product Group 2011 Valeo Italy Group President and Fiat – Iveco Group Customer Director 2012 Vice President of Valeo Lighting Systems Product Group 2014 Visibility Systems Business Group President - (to date)	
[For re-election]  Maurizio  Martinelli  (September 15, 1960)	[Important positions in other Company] President of Valeo Visibility Systems Business Group, Director and Legal Representative of VALEO S.p.A., President of VALEO VISION SAS, Director & Chairman and Legal Representative of VALEO España S.A.U., Director and Legal Representative of VALEO VISION BELGIQUE  Reason for Candidacy for Outside Director He has long years of experience in the automotive parts industry and excellent management capability. He is nominated as candidate for a Director because it was judged that it is ideal to have his deep insights be utilized in deliberations of the Board of Directors' meeting going forward.	0
	Length of service as an outside Director (at the close of this Shareholders Meeting): 5 years and 9 months	

		Number
	Brief Profile, Positions and Responsibilities at	of
	Ichikoh	Ichikoh
Name	[Status of Important concurrent positions in	Shares
(Date of Birth)	other companies]	held
	2022 March Director, Ichikoh	
	(to date)	
	[Background with Other Companies] 1999 VW GROUP – SEAT S.A.	
	2002 Controller of VALEO SYLVANIA	
	(America)	
	2006 CFO of VALEO China Lighting Systems	
	China	
	2008 CFO of VALEO North America Electrical	
	Systems	
	2010 VALEO National Finance Director (Mexico)	
	(Wexico)	
	2012 Finance Director of VALEO Lighting	
Candidate	Systems PG	
No. 6	2022 Vice President responsible for Finance of	
110. 0	VALEO Visibility BG	
	- (to date)	
[F]	[Important positions in other Company]	0
[For re-election]	Vice President responsible for Finance of VALEO	
Raul Perez	Visibility BG	
(December 21,	·	
1977)	Reason for Candidacy for Director	
	He has been engaged in Accounting and Finance	
	for over 20 years' experience in the automotive	
	and automotive parts industry in Europe, North America, Central America and Asia, and is also	
	demonstrating his experience and skills as a	
	supervisor, and has thorough knowledge of Valeo	
	Group Management. He is nominated as a	
	candidate for a Director because it was judged	
	that it is ideal to have his knowledge and	
	experience utilized to supervise the management	
	of the company group from a global perspective.	
	Length of service as an outside Director (at the	
	close of this Shareholders Meeting): 1 year	

	<u> </u>		Number		
	Brief Profile F	Positions and Responsibilities at	of		
	21101 1 101110, 1	Ichikoh	Ichikoh		
Name	[Status of Impor	tant concurrent positions in	Shares		
(Date of Birth)		other companies]	held		
	2015 June	Ichikoh Director			
	[D 1 1 1	(to date)			
	Background wit   April 1977	ch Other Companies] Analyst, McKinsey & Company,			
	January 1982	Industrial Project Finance			
	January 1902	Officer, the World Bank			
	September 1986	Associate, McKinsey &			
	_	Company, Inc.			
	February 1989	Vice President M&A, Manager,			
		Guaranty Trust Bank,			
	May 1002	(Currently JP Morgan)			
	May 1992	Japan Representative of N M Rothschild & Sons, Ltd.			
	April 1996	President of Rothschild Japan			
	F -555	K.K.			
	October 1999	Representative partner, ACTIV			
		Investments Partners			
	June 2002	Representative Director and			
		President, ACTIV Investments Partners			
	December 2005	Representative Director of DRC			
Candidate	December 2000	Capital Ltd.			
No.7	February 2011	Director of KOJITUSANSO			
		CO.,Ltd.			
[For re-election]	October 2018	Representative Director and CEO of JPH Co., Ltd.			
[FOI TO CICCUOII]	August 2019	Director of Super Resin, Inc.	1,900		
[Outside Director]	April 2020	Director of Manzairaku Sake			
		Kura Co., Ltd. (to date)			
[Independent]		(to date)			
Hideo Aomatsu	[Important posit	ions in other Company]			
(June 29,1954)	Representative				
	_	rector of KOJITUSANSO			
	CO.,Ltd., Direct				
	_	er Resin, Inc., and Director of ke Kura Co., Ltd.			
	manzanaku bal	ao mara co., mu.			
	Reason for Cand	idacy for Outside Director			
	He has advar	nced knowledge regarding			
	ons, developed through				
		road with advisory companies			
		stitutions, including overseas ditionally, he has broad			
	_	eding the improvement of the			
	mpanies. He is continuously				
		candidate of an Outside			
	_	rector because it is judged that it			
is ideal that he continues to monitor the company's business as an Outside Director.					

Length of service as an outside Director (at the close of this Shareholders Meeting): 7 years and 9	
months	

	Brief Profile, Positions and Responsibilities at	Number
	Ichikoh	of
Name	[Status of Important concurrent positions in	_
(Date of Birth)	other companies]	Ichikoh
,	other companies	Shares
		held
	2020 March Director, Ichikoh	
	(to date)	
	[Background with Other Companies]	
	1981 IRSID (French Siderurgy	
	Research Institute)	
	1983 Joined SGN (Nuclear	
	Engineering)	
	1987 SGN Japan (Rokkasho	
	Reprocessing Plant)	
	Nuclear Counselor of French	
Candidate	Embassy in Japan	
No. 8	2002 Areva Japan Vice President	
10.8	2007 Fives Group Tokyo	
	Representative Office	
	Representative	
[For re-election]	[Important positions in other Company]	
	Has held no other important positions in other	
[Outside Director]	companies	0
_	Companies	
[Independent]	Reason for Candidacy for Outside Director	
Jean-Jacques	After long years of experience in the nuclear	
Lavigne	industry, and he was a Japanese representative	
(September 7,	of Fives Group, which provides machine tools and	
1954)	solutions to various industries other than the	
1504)	automotive industry, such as logistics, energy,	
	metals, aviation, and minerals. He has developed	
	extensive knowledge of industries other than the	
	automotive industry. He is continuously	
	nominated as a candidate of an outside Director	
	because it is judged that it is ideal that he	
	monitors the company's business as an Outside	
	Director with such extensive knowledge.	
	Length of service as Director (at the close of this	
	Shareholders Meeting): 3 years	
	pharemore meening, o years	

### (Notes)

- 1. Ali Ordoobadi assumed the position of the Representative Director and President of Valeo Japan Co., Ltd. as of June 30, 2017. Valeo Japan Co., Ltd. is engaged in the same business field of Ichikoh of wiper and fog lamp.
- 2. There is no special interest relationship between any of the other candidates and Ichikoh.
- 3. Hideo Aomatsu and Jean-Jacques Lavigne are the candidates for outside Directors. They have been reported to the Tokyo Stock Exchange as independent corporate officers and, in the event that they are both re-appointed, we plan to continue to report them in the same status.
- 4. The Company participates in the Liability Insurance for Directors and Officers taken out by the group of the parent company Valeo and all candidates of Directors shall be continuously covered by the Insurance when they are re-elected upon approval of this Proposal, and the Agreement will be renewed during the term of office of Directors in this proposal. The summary of the content of the Insurance Agreement is as described

- in 2. Outline of Ichikoh Industries, Ltd. (3) Status of Ichikoh's Directors and Corporate Auditors ④ Summary of the Agreement of Liability Insurance for Directors, etc. of the Business Report.
- 5. We have executed an agreement between Hideo Aomatsu and Jean-Jacques Lavigne based on the provisions of Article 423-1 of the Companies Act, limiting his liability for damages under Article 425-1 of said Act with minimum limit amount as set forth in Article 425-1 of said Act, and in the event that they are both re-appointed, we intend to continue said agreement with them.
- 6. The number of shares of the Company that are held are noted is the number of shares actual held by each Director including the number of shares held though corporate officers stock ownership plan as of December 31, 2022
- 7. The compensation of performance share of Valeo, was provided to the candidates for Directors Ali Ordoobadi, Christophe Vilatte Kazuyuki Miyashita, and Hideki Shirato.

(Reference) Skill Matrix of each candidates

	SKIII WALIIA OI EACII			nowledş ca	ge/speci indidate	al field es for B	partic oard o	cularly ex of Directo	rs	of
Candidate No.	Name	Corporate Management	Experience in Automotive Parts Industry	Technology / Innovation	Legal/Risk Management	Finance/Accounting/M&A	ESG	Cooperation with Parent Company	Governance	Independency
1	Ali Ordoobadi	•	•	•				•	•	
2	Christophe Vilatte	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	
3	Kazuyuki Miyashita	•	•	•			•	•		
4	Hideki Shirato	•			•	•			•	
5	Maurizio Martinelli	•	•	•			•	•	•	
6	Raul Perez	•	•		•	•		•		
7	Hideo Aomatsu	•				•			•	•
8	Jean-Jacques Lavigne	•							•	•

### Proposal No. 4: Appointment of One (1) Substitute Corporate Auditor

We propose that one Substitute Corporate Auditor to be appointed, in the event that the statutory number of the Corporate Auditors is not satisfied.

This proposal has been agreed to by the Board of Corporate Auditors.

The candidate for a Substitute Corporate Auditor is as follows.

		Number
	Brief Profile, Positions and	of
	Responsibilities at Ichikoh	Ichikoh
Name	[Status of Important positions in other	Shares
(Date of Birth)	companies]	Held
Shigenori Saito (October 1, 1970)	Association) Joined Kamano Sogo Law Offices  2006 Saito Law Office  2016 Outside Director of Tokyo Soko Unyu Kabushikigaisha (to date)  [Important positions in other Company] Saito Law Office Outside Director of Tokyo Soko Unyu Co.,LTD.  Reason for Candidacy for Substitute Auditor He has broad experience as an attorney. He is nominated as a candidate for Substitute Corporate Auditor because it is judged that it would be ideal for him to take the position of Corporate Auditor in the event that a vacancy in the Corporate Auditor occurs and actively use his advanced knowledge in overseeing the company.	0

### (Notes)

- 1. The candidate has no special interest relationship with the Company.
- 2. Candidate Mr. Shigenori Saito is a candidate for substitute Outside Corporate Auditor.
- 3. In the event that Mr. Shigenori Saito is appointed as a Corporate Auditor, we intend to register Mr. Shigenori Saito as an Independent Director as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange
- 4. In the event that Mr. Shigenori Saito is appointed as a Corporate Auditor, we intend to execute an agreement between him and Ichikoh, based on the provisions of Article 427-1 of the Companies Act, limiting his liability for damages under Article 423-1 of said Act with minimum limit amount as set forth in Article 425-1 of said Act.
- 5. The Company participates in the Liability Insurance for Directors and Officers taken out by the group of the parent company Valeo. Mr. Shigenori Saito shall be covered by the Insurance when he inaugurates as a Corporate Auditor. The summary of the content of the Insurance Agreement is as described in 2. Outline of Ichikoh Industries, Ltd. (3) Status of Ichikoh's Directors and Corporate Auditors ④ Summary of the Agreement of Liability Insurance for Directors, etc. of the Business Report (page 13).

End

(Attached Documents)

# **Business Report**

(January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022)

- 1. Present Status of the Corporate Group
- (1) Status of Business for the Current Consolidated Business Year
- ① Progress and Result of Business

In the Japanese economy of this consolidated fiscal year, the business cycle has improved although the slowdown in recovery of production by the rise of domestic corporate goods prices due to the historically rate weak yen and soaring prices of natural resources affected by the situation in Ukraine.

As for the global economy, in the United States, although the economy continues to recover gradually, there are concerns about downside risks due to the effects of monetary tightening. In China, the effects of the resurgence of infections have led to signs of a slowdown in recovery. In ASEAN, Indonesia is recovering moderately, and new car sales were strong, led by the stronger sales promotions and the easing of shortage of parts. The economy in Thailand also recovered, and Malaysia continued a gradual recovery led by domestic demand, although the expansion of production slowed down due to factors such as the global slowdown in demand of semiconductors.

The automotive industry, to which the company group belongs, the number of automobiles produced in Japan remained at about the same level as the previous year due to the impact of parts supply constraints etc. caused by activity restrictions by the Chinese government. The production volume in China increased slightly in comparison with the last year, and, with respect to the production volume in ASEAN, Malaysia and Indonesia have a significant growth in comparison with the last year, resulting in a significant increase in comparison with the last year in three countries total including Thailand.

Under such an environment, in the current consolidated fiscal year, the rate of increase/decrease in net sales for the Company on a non-consolidated basis was slightly lower than the domestic market, which is our core market. However, the increase rate of sales of 3 ASEAN subsidiaries significantly exceeded the market growth rate of the market in 3 ASEAN countries due to the launch of the overseas new products, etc.

As a result that the sales increase rate of aggregate of sales by our subsidiaries in 3 countries in ASEAN exceeded the increase rate in the market of 3 countries in ASEAN, the sales increased to 135,451 million yen (up 7.9%compared to the previous year) on a consolidated basis. Despite cost reductions and productivity improvements, the operating income was 3,937 million yen (down 29.2%compared to the previous year) due to soaring raw material and energy prices and the impact of exchange rates, etc. The ordinary income was 5,351 million yen (down 17.8% compared to the previous year)

even with the income from affiliated companies under equity method of 1,575 million yen, etc., and the net income attributable to the parent company increased to 4,423 million yen (up 11.1%compared to the previous year) due to the recognition of deferred tax assets in an overseas subsidiary and other factors.

Moving to the results by each segment, for Automotive-Parts business, the rate of increase/decrease in net sales for the Company on a non-consolidated basis was slightly lower than the domestic market average, which is our core market. However, the increase rate of sales of 3 ASEAN subsidiaries significantly exceeded the market growth rate of the 3 ASEAN countries due to the effects of the launch of the overseas new products, etc. As a result, the sales of the auto-components business increased to 127,931 million yen (up8.6% compared to the previsous year). Despite cost reductions and productivity improvements, the operating income was 3,460 million yen (down 31.9% year-on-year) due to soaring raw material and energy prices and the impact of exchange rates, etc.

For the after-market business, sales was 9,069 million yen (up 6.4%compared to the previous year) due to strong sales of lighting products, winter wipers, etc. to mass retailers, as well as sales through dealer options and the Internet. The operating income increased to 472 million yen (up 8.7%compared to the previous year) by offsetting the increase in purchasing costs caused by the weaker yen by the profit from the increase in sales.

Regarding the dividends, the Company considers that the achievement of the both (1) improvement of corporate value by using internal reserves to conduct research and development and capital investments, and (2) improvement of profit return to shareholders is the most important issues of the Company. Under this basic policy, as for dividend of FY2022, distribution of midterm dividends was 4.5 yen per share from the perspective of continuous return of profit to shareholders. The year-end dividend is 4.5 yen per share, comprehensively taking into consideration the brisk demand for the investment to technological development to secure the competitiveness in a highly competitive environment, which result in the annual dividend of 9 yen.

(Note) The Business Report is described under the following rules.

- 1. The figures shown in the unit of millions of yen are rounded down to the nearest million.
- 2. The shares shown in the unit of thousands are rounded down to the nearest thousand.

Category Sales in million yen		Operating Income in million yen
Automotive Parts Business	127,931	3,460

After-market Business	9,069	472
-----------------------	-------	-----

(Note) With respect to the automotive light bulb manufacturing and sales business, which was included in "Other" in the previous consolidated fiscal year, the "Other" category was abolished from this fiscal year because of the sale of such business. As a result, from the consolidated period of this fiscal year, the segments became two segments: "Auto-Components business" and "After-Market business".

## ② Status of Capital Investment

The total amount of capital investment in this fiscal year was 6,789 million yen, and the major investments are new products of lamps and rear-view mirrors, model changes and capital investment for expansion of facilities of Atsugi plant and improvement of productivity.

3 Status of Funding

In this fiscal year, the Company did not make any new financing.

- ④ Status of Assignment of Business, Absorption-type Split and Incorporation-type Split Not applicable.
- ⑤ Status of Taking over of Business of other Companies Not applicable.
- ⑤ Status of the assignment of rights and obligations of other corporation, etc., by means of Absorption-type Merger or Absorption-type Split Not applicable.
- The Status of Acquisition or Disposition of Other Companies' Stock and other Equity or Share Subscription right
  Not applicable.

## (2) Status of Properties and Financial Results

Classification	FY2019 FY2020 I		FY2021	FY2022	
	90th Term	91st Term	92 <sup>nd</sup> Term	93rd Term	
				(current)	
Net Sales (M yen)	133,053	113,859	125,510	135,451	
Ordinary Income (M yen)	7,363	5,048	6,506	5,351	
Net profit attributable to	5,214	2,857	3,983	4,423	
parent company shareholders					
(M yen)					
Net Income per Share (yen)	54.26	29.73	41.44	46.02	
Total Assets (M yen)	109,813	109,634	112,521	125,915	
Net Assets (M yen)	45,405	44,544	49,402	55,007	
Net Assets per Share (yen)	460.23	453.15	507.71	565.32	

# (3) Status of Important Parent Companies and Subsidiaries

# Status of Parent Company

Valeo Bayen and its parent company Société de Participations Valeo, and also Valeo. S.E. the parent company of Société de Participations Valeo are the parent companies of the Company, and own 58,791 thousand shares of the Company (61.16% of shares).

At the end of this consolidated fiscal year, in order to improve fund efficiency, including the parent company group, the group of the Company has loans to and borrowings from the parent company and its affiliates as follows:

Loans 10,841 million yen

Borrowings 1,400 million yen

Matters related to the above transactions are as follows:

i.Matters to which attention was paid to avoid impairment of interest of the Company in making the transactions

As for borrowings and loans to and from the parent company or its affiliates, it was confirmed that the interest rate was determined considering the market interest rate.

ii.Judgments by the Board of Directors whether or not the transaction(s) impairs the Company's interest and its reasons

As described in (1) above

iii.Opinion by Independent Outside Directors if it is different from the opinion of the Board of Directors

Not applicable.

# ② Status of Important Subsidiaries

Compony Nome	Capital	Ichikoh's	Main Business
Company Name	Amount	Share	Main Business
PIAA Corporation	475 M yen	100.0 %	Sales of automotive parts for
			aftermarket
Misato Industries Co.,	95 M yen	100.0 %	Manufacture and sales of
Ltd.			automotive parts
	50 M yen	100.0 %	Manufacture and sales of
Kyushu Ichikoh			automotive parts
Industries, Ltd.			
	MYR 9,000 K	70.0 %	Manufacture and sales of
Ichikoh (Malaysia)			automotive parts
SDN. BHD.			
	IDR 133,124 M	100.0 %	Manufacture and sales of
PT. Ichikoh Indonesia			automotive parts
	THB 2,360 M	99.9 %	Manufacture and sales of
Ichikoh Industries			automotive parts
(Thailand) Co. Ltd.			
	USD 7,000K	100.0 %	Manufacture and sales of
Ichikoh (Wuxi)			automotive parts
Automotive Parts			

(Note) Liquidation of PIAA Corp., USA was completed as of December 31, 2022.

# (4) Major Operations (as of December 31, 2022)

Major line of business of Ichikoh group is the manufacture and sales of automotive lamps and rearview mirrors as outlined below:

Category	Major products
	Head Lamps
Lamps	Rear Combination Lamps
	Fog Lamps, etc.
Rearview Mirrors	Door Mirrors, Inside Mirrors, Electronic Mirrors,
	etc.
Other Automotive Parts	Wiper, etc.
Non-automotive Products	Lamps for railroad carriages, house apparatus, etc.

### ① Ichikoh Industries, Ltd.

Name	Location	Name	Location
Head Office	Isehara-shi,	Chubu Branch	Nagoya-shi, Aichi
	Kanagawa	Ota Sales Office	Ota-shi, Gunma
Isehara Plant	Isehara-shi,	Tokyo Sales Office	Shnjuku-ku, Tokyo
	Kanagawa	Osaka Sales	Suita-shi, Osaka
Atsugi Plant	Atsugi-shi,	Office	
	Kanagawa		
Fujioka Plant	Fujioka-shi, Gunma		
Mirror Plant	Fujioka-shi, Gunma		

### ② Subsidiaries

Name	Location	Name	Location
PIAA Corporation	Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo	PT. Ichikoh Indonesia	West Java, Indonesia
Misato Industries	Fujioka-shi,	Ichikoh Industries	Amata-city, Thailand
Co., Ltd.	Gunma-ken	(Thailand) Co. Ltd.	
Kyushu Ichikoh	Nakatsu-shi, Oita	Ichikoh (Wuxi )	Jiangsu Province,
Industries, Ltd.		Automotive Parts Co.,	P.R. China
Ichikoh	Negri Sembilan,	Ltd.	
(Malaysia) SDN.	Malaysia		
BHD.			

(Note) Liquidation of PIAA Corp., USA was completed as of December 31, 2022.

## (6) Information about Employees (as of December 31, 2022)

## ① Status of Employees of Ichikoh Group

Number of Employees	Comparison to End of Last Fiscal Year
3,521 (1,335)	Increased by 2 (decreased by 100)

(Note) The number of employees includes only those with no fixed term contract, exclusive of the number of employees with fixed term contract, such as part-timers and temporary workers, which is shown in parentheses by the annual average number.

## ② Status of Employees of Ichikoh

Number	of	Comparison to End of Last	Average	Average	Years	of
Employees		Fiscal Year	Age	Service		
1,740 (802) Decreased by 83 (decreased		41.9	17.2			
		by 73)				

(Note) The number of employees includes only those with no fixed term contract, exclusive of the number of employees with fixed term contract, such as part-timers and temporary workers, which is shown in parentheses by the annual average number.

### (7) Information about Major Loan Providers (as of December 31, 2022)

Loan Provider	Balance of Loaned Amount (million
	yen)
Mizuho Bank	840 Million yen
Bank of Mitsubishi UFJ	750 Million yen
Valeo	1,400 Million yen

## (8) Challenges Facing Ichikoh

The Mission of our Company group is "Create a driving environment that feels safe, offers more protection, and provides more comfort," and the Vision is to "continuously endeavor to become a corporation that satisfies both customers and society by pioneering the frontiers of technology and supplying optimal solutions which being ecologically minded."

Given the prospects of the mid to long-term volume of automobile production, which is the market of our Company group, the domestic market tend to be reaching the limit due to the declining birthrate and aging society, and the demand increase coming from increased production volume can be expected in emerging ASEAN markets. In addition, the automobile industry is at a major turning point as the needs for electric vehicles and autonomous driving are increasing due to environmental regulations and advances in IT technology. Under the circumstances, in Japan, we will achieve growth by increasing added value through development of new products which respond to electric vehicles and autonomous driving such as LED headlamp modules, HD (high definition) lighting, "e-Grille", a new lighting product to replace the conventional Radiator Grill. Meanwhile, in overseas such as ASEAN, the Company group's growth strategy is to capture the demand, including that comes from increased production volume, while taking advantage of the high level technical expertise cultivated in Japan.

Recently, the functions required for automotive parts such as those required from the progress of autonomous driving technology are becoming more diversified, and it seems that big changes will happen at a faster speed than ever before. Among them, the bipolarization of components with high added value and low cost is expected to progress further, and thus we need to speed up the pace not only for research and development of products, but also for development of manufacturing technology to strengthen cost competitiveness. On the other hand, geopolitical risks and costs to reduce the effects on the environment are increasing and is bringing more uncertainty in the business environment, therefore, expansion of financial foundation by Company's own efforts is also an important issue to be considered.

In order to carry out these growth strategies and to deal with the issues, we will maximally strengthen synergy with Valeo, which extends to the broad area such as development of advanced technology through joint research and development, utilization of the development bases in the region which has cost competitiveness, cost reduction by joint procurement, taking full advantage of scale merit, improvement of productivity by introducing advanced technologies such as automation and digitalization to factories, acquisition of additional market share in the global market by expanding our customer base and strengthening geographical mutually complementary relationship, and benefits from interest rates by utilizing loan from Valeo.

The Company announced the sale of the mirror business of the Company Group to SMR in September 2022, and are proceeding with measures to complete the business transfer. Through this sale, the Company will ① establish a basis for medium to long-term development of the mirror business, and ② accelerate the selection and concentration on the lighting business, and will work on further strengthening the competitiveness of the lighting business in the future.

The Company selected the "Prime Market", submitted the "Plan to meet the Listing Criteria of the new market segment" to TSE and is improving three fields of ① improvement of tradable share ratio, ②developing a governance systems, and ③efforts for sustainability over the next three years until 2024.

In particular, the criteria for the prime market regarding tradable share ratio was achieved one year ahead of the schedule.

As for improvement of governance systems, the Company revised the composition ratio of Independent Directors in the Conflict of Interest Monitoring Committee to half and appointed the Independent Director to chairman. As for Sustainability field, along with policies of the parent company, the Company aims for carbon neutral in 2050, and established the Sustainability Committee on August 2021, which is an organization for promoting sustainability and is working on carbon neutral. In addition, through enhancement of the internal control system, the company will improve compliance awareness of all people engaging in the business of our Company group to fulfill our social responsibility as a corporation by establishing and operating the internal control system to secure credibility of our financial statements, to structure the risk management system and so on.

We would appreciate your continuing support and cooperation as shareholders.

2. Outline of Ichikoh Industries, Ltd.

(1) Information about Shares (as of December 31,2022)

 $\ensuremath{\boxdot}$  Total number of shares authorized to be issued: 200,000,000

② Total number of shares issued: 96,292,401

③ Number of Shareholders: 6,626

Major Shareholders: Major 10 shareholders

	· ·	
Name of Shareholder	Investment in Ichikoh	
	Number of Shares	Holding Ratio
Valeo Bayen	58,791 thousand	61.16%
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.	4,271 thousand	4.44%
(Trust Account)		
INVERSIS/IICS JAPAN	4,115 thousand	4.28%
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Money	2,783 thousand	2.89%
Trust Taxation Account)		
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust	2,009 thousand	2.09%
Account)		
BBH (LUX) FOR FIDELITY FUNDS	1,548 thousand	1.61%
PACIFIC FUND - PACIFIC POOL		
Daihatsu Motor	1,076 thousand	1.11%
Nippon Life Insurance Company	988 thousand	1.02%
JP MORGAN CHASE BANK 385781	651 thousand	0.67%
NOMURA INTERNATIONAL PLC A/C	583 thousand	0.60%
JAPAN FLOW		

(Note) The shareholding ratio was calculated excluding the treasury stock (179,414 shares). The figures less than the unit are rounded down.

(2) Status of Share Subscription Right (as of December 31, 2022) Not applicable.

# (3) Status of Ichikoh's Directors and Corporate Auditors

① Status of Directors and Corporate Auditors (as of December 31, 2022)

Title	Name	HQ./Dept. in charge and status of important
		concurrent position
Representative	ORDOOBADI,	Oversees Audit Dept., Representative Director of
Director &	Ali	Valeo Japan Co., Ltd., Director of Valeo Kapec
Chairman		Japan KK
Representative	VILATTE,	Lighting RO Director
Director &	Christophe	

President CEO		
Representative	MIYASHITA,	In charge of R&D HQ, Advanced Dev. HQ,
Director & Deputy	Kazuyuki	Project Progress Control Office.
President CTO		PM HQ Director
Director	NAKANO,	Mirror PL Director., Representative Director of
	Hideo	Misato Industries Co., Ltd.
Director CFO	SHIRATO,	In charge of Corp. Planning Dept., Legal Dept.,
	Hideki	General Accounting HQ.
Director	MARTINELLI	Valeo Visibility Systems Group President, Valeo
	, Maurizio	S.p.A. Director & Legal Representative, Valeo
		Vision SAS President, VALEO España S. A.U.
		Director & Chairman and Legal Representative,
		Valeo Vision Belgique Director & Legal
		Representative
Director	Raul Perez	Vice President responsible for Finance of VALEO
		Visibility BG
Director	AOMATSU,	Representative Director and President of DRC
	Hideo	Capital, Ltd., Director of KOJITUSANSO
		CO.,Ltd., Representative Director and CEO of
		JPH Co., Ltd., Director of Super Resin, Inc. ,
		Director of Manzairaku Sake Kura Co., Ltd.
Director	LAVIGNE	
	Jean-Jacques	
Corporate Auditor	KATO	
(Full Time)	Nobuteru	
Corporate Auditor	TSURUMAKI,	Kamijo/Tsurumaki Law Office (Attorney at Law)
	Aki	Outside Director of BELLSYSTEM24 Holdings,
		Inc.
Corporate Auditor	SEVAISTRE,	
	Pierre	

# (Notes)

- Mr. Hideo Aomatsu and Mr. Jean-Jacques Lavigne are the outside directors stipulated by Article 2-15 of the Companies Act. The Company submitted to the TSE a notice of independent officer appointing Mr. Hideo Aomathsu and Mr. Jean-Jacques Lavigne as the independent officers.
- 2. Corporate Auditors, Mr. Aki Tsurumaki and Mr. Pierre Sevaistre, are outside corporate auditors stipulated by Article 2-16 of the Companies Act. The Company submitted to the TSE a notice of independent officer appointing Mr. Aki Tsurumaki and Mr. Pierre Sevaistre, both

Corporate Auditors, as the independent officers.

3. Mr. Nobuteru Kato, a Corporate Auditor, has been engaged in quality-related duties for many years, and accumulated knowledge of compliance, internal control, and audit in terms of prevention of quality irregularities, and has good experience of internal audit of the Company.

2 Directors who resigned during the fiscal year

<u> </u>						
Title at the time of	Name	Date of	Reason of	HQ./Dept. in charge and		
resignation		resignation	resignation	status of important		
				concurrent position at the		
				time of resignation		
Director	URBAIN	March 25,	Expiration	N/A		
	Alain	2022	of term of			
			office			
Director	GARNIER	March 25,	Expiration	N/A		
	Rodolphe	2022	of term of			
			office			

Summary of the Agreement Limiting the Liability

Mr. Hideo Aomatsu, Mr. Jean-Jacques Lavigne, Mr. Aki Tsurumaki, Mr. Pierre Sevaistre, and Nobuteru Kato, Corporate Auditors, and the Company entered into an agreement limiting the liability under Article 423-1 of the Company Act, based on our Articles of Incorporation and Article 427-1 of the Company Act. The maximum amount of the limited liability based on this agreement is as set forth in Article 425-1 of the Company Act.

④ Summary of the Agreement of Liability Insurance for Directors, etc.

The Company has the Agreement of Liability Insurance for Directors and Officers that are insured by the group of the parent company Valeo, and the insured includes Directors, Corporate Auditors and Executive Officers of Valeo and the Company group. This agreement of insurance covers damages and litigation costs when the insured receives a claim for damages in connection with the execution of its business. The insurance fee for this agreement is appropriately apportioned within and borne by the Valeo group and the Company group. In addition, in this agreement of insurance, the liability for damages against the insured person by the Company pursues is a disclaimer of insurance which is the measures to secure the appropriateness of the execution of duties of the insured person is not impaired.

(5) Total Remuneration to Directors and Corporate Auditors (Jan. 2022 through Dec. 2022) Remuneration paid during the Current Business Year

Classification	Amount	Total Amount of Compensation		Number	
	Paid	Classified by type (Million yen)		(illion yen)	of
	(Million	Base	Bonus	Others	Persons
	yen)	Compens			
		ation			
Directors		150	36	22	
(Outside Directors	209	(16)	(3)	(-)	8
included in the above)	(16)	, ,	, ,	, ,	(2)
Corporate Auditors					
(Outside Corporate	27	26	-	1	3
Auditors included in	(8)	(8)	(-)	(-)	(2)
the above)					
Total of Directors &					
Corporate Auditors					
(Outside Directors and	236	176	86	23	11
Outside Corporate	(24)	(24)	(3)	(-)	(4)
Auditors included in					
the above)					

### (Notes)

- 1. The above list does not include two non-executives Directors who do not receive any remuneration.
- 2. The numbers for remuneration shown above were rounded down to the million.
- ⑥ Policy and determination method of compensation amount and calculation method of such compensation for Directors and Corporate Auditors

[Policy to determine the compensations for an individual Director]

The Company has adopted the base compensation (fixed monthly compensation and various allowances, if applicable), bonus, and stock compensation as compensation for Directors, and determines the content of the compensations for an individual Director at the Board of Directors after confirming that such content is reported after deliberation by the Compensation Advisory Committee in accordance with the determination policy for the content of the compensations for an individual Director as follows(the "Policy") which was approved by the Board of Directors. As for the composition ratio of base compensation, bonus and stock compensation at the Company, the system is designed so that the ratio is 60%: 30%: 10% in principle. The compensation of the Company Auditor consists only of base compensation (fixed monthly compensation).

As for the composition ratio of base compensation, bonus, and stock compensation, the system is designed with the principle ratio of 60%: 30%: 10%. The remuneration of

Corporate Auditors constitutes only from the base compensation (monthly compensation) and is determined after deliberation by the Board of Corporate Auditors. .

The contents of the resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting regarding the

Compensation of the Directors of the Company are as follows.

Co	Compensation of the Directors of the Company are as follows.						
Clas sific atio n	Classification of Compensatio n	Date of the Resolution of the Shareholders' Meeting	Contents of the Resolution	Number of Directors Pertaining to the Provisions of the Resolution			
	Base Compensatio n and Bonus	The 82nd Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on June 22, 2012	The amount of remuneration for directors is 360 million yen or less per year (including 60 million yen or less for Outside Directors, not including employee salaries for Directors who also serve as employees)	8 Directors at the end of the 82nd Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting (including 2 Outside Directors)			
Dire ctors  Stock Compensation		The 86th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2016	The total amount of monetary receivables paid for granting restricted stocks is up to 76 million yen per year (including up to 1 million yen for Outside Directors, not including employee salaries for Directors who also serve as employees)	8 Directors at the end of the 86th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting (including 4 Outside Directors)			
	Stock Compensatio	The 90th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on March 26, 2020	The total amount of base compensation for all eligible directors under this system per fiscal year is up to 40 million yen (including 6 million yen for Outside Directors)	8 Directors at the end of the 90th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting (including 2 Outside Directors)			
	n	The 91st Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on March 25, 2021	Those who are newly elected as directors in the year in which stock compensation is granted, and who did not receive post issuance type stock compensation as an executive officer prior to the election are excluded from Eligible Directors.	8 Directors at the end of the 91st Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting(including 2 Outside Directors)			
		The 92nd Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on March 25, 2022	Please refer to "(3) Policy for Stock Compensation, and Calculation Method of the Amount or the Number" below	7 Directors at the end of the 92nd Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting(including 2 Outside Directors)			
Audi tors	Base Compensatio n	The 82nd Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on June 22, 2012	The amount of compensation for Auditors is 60 million yen or less per year (including 12 million yen or less for Outside Auditors)	3 Auditors at the end of the 82nd Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting(including 2 Outside Auditors)			

## (1) Policy for Amount and Calculation Method of Base Compensations

As for monthly compensation out of the base compensations, the monthly compensation at the time of first appointment as Director is determined taking into account the position of executive officer which the Director additionally serves and whether the Director concurrently serve as HQ Director. After the second year, it increases or decreases each year in accordance with annual evaluation of results for the previous fiscal year, achievement level of individual target of KPI (Key Performance Index) which is set semiannually for bonus, and consumer price index.

(2) Policy for Performance Indicator of Bonus, and Calculation Method of the Amount or the Number

As for bonus, the KPI for 5 target items is semiannually set individually according to the role of each Director, from operating margin, amount of order intake, cash flow, ratio of sales price reduction ratio to cost reduction ratio, profit of each development project, and ROCE (Return on Capital Employed), from the perspective of indicator linked to final corporate performance. The amount of bonus is calculated by multiplying monthly compensation by total number of evaluation month of 5 items of KPI which is according to the achievement level of each KPI: less than  $100\% \rightarrow 0$  month,  $100\% \rightarrow 0.6$  month, more than 100% to less than  $150\% \rightarrow$ number of the month proportionally increases from 0.6 month to 0.9 month, 150% or more  $\rightarrow 0.9$  month).

(3) Policy for Stock Compensation, and Calculation Method of the Amount or the Number The systems of stock compensation of the company are as follows.

# (A) Eligible Directors

Directors eligible for this system are Executive Directors (excluding the Executive Directors who are newly elected as Directors in the year in which stock compensation is provided and had not been granted the post-issuance type stock compensation as an executive officer prior to the selection) and Outside Directors (hereinafter referred to the "Eligible Directors").

## (B) Performance Evaluation Period

The period to evaluate performance based on this system is 3 consecutive years starting from the business year during which the provision of compensation to the Eligible Directors under the system is determined in the Board of Directors meeting (hereinafter referred to the "Performance Evaluation Period").

(C) Composition of the System and calculation method of Final Number of Stocks to be Provided

The System consists of the three portions, the portion in which the number of stocks to be provided is determined based on achievement level of target of ROA (Return on Asset) and of the operating margin in Performance Evaluation Period (hereinafter referred to the "Performance Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit"), the portion in which the number of stocks to be provided is determined qualitatively evaluating the contribution to performance of the Company by Eligible Directors in Performance Evaluation Period (hereinafter referred to the "Qualitative Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit"), and the portion in which the stocks are provided by Eligible Directors' continuous enrollment for the period from the date of the Shareholders' Meeting held in the business year during which the provision of compensation to the Eligible Directors under the System is determined in the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to the "Initial Board of

Directors") to the date of the Shareholders' Meeting first held after the expiration of the Performance Evaluation Period (hereinafter referred to the "Vesting Period")(herein after referred to the "Restricted Stock Unit").

### (a) Base Number of Stocks to be Provided

First, at the resolution of the Initial Board of Directors, the number of stocks to be provided if the Director's achievement level of Performance Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit and evaluation of Qualitative Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit are both 100% and also if the Director enrolled for three years (hereinafter referred to the "Base Number of Stocks to be Provided) is determined, by dividing the amount obtained by multiplying the monthly compensation amount of the next month of the appointment as a Director by 2 (however, in the event that a lower amount than such amount is determined at the Initial Board of Directors, such amount shall apply) (hereinafter referred to the "Base Compensation Amount"), by the closing price of the Company's stock at the Tokyo Stock Exchange—on the business day immediately prior to the date of the said resolution of Board of Directors(if no trading is concluded on the day, the closing price on the most recent trading day preceding that date).

The total amount of Base Compensation Amount for all Eligible Directors per business year shall not exceed 40 million yen (including 6 million yen for Outside Directors), which is considered to be appropriate based on the purpose of this system, and the specific amount for the Eligible Director shall be determined at the Board of Directors in accordance with the above provisions on the Base Amount of Compensation, and if the total amount of Base Compensation Amount calculated in accordance with the above provisions exceeds the above upper limit, it shall be reasonably adjusted to fall into the upper limit at the Board of Directors.

### (b) Performance Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit

50% of Base Number of Stocks to be Provided is allotted to Performance Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit (hereinafter referred to the "Number of Stocks to be allotted by Performance Evaluation"). Final Number of Stocks to be Provided regarding Performance Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit is calculated by multiplying Number of Stocks to be allotted by Performance Evaluation by Issuance rate calculated in the range of 0% to 100% as described below according to the number of years in which ROA and operation margin targets were achieved (hereinafter referred to the "Final Number of Stocks to be Provided Based on Achievement Evaluation"), from the perspective of the index highly correlated with stock prices. If the number of year in which the target was achieved is two, it's not limited to consecutive years. Targets of ROA and Operation margin are determined in every business year, in principle at the Board of Directors held within two months from the day the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting was held in the such business year during the Performance Evaluation Period, and the level of achievement of targets of ROA and Operation margin is discussed and determined at the Board of Directors held to determine

the grant of Post-issuance Type Stock Compensation based on the System.

Issuance rate		OM Achievement			
		0yr	1yr	2yrs	3yrs
	0yr	0%	50%	60%	70%
ROA	1yr	50%	60%	70%	80%
Achievement	2yrs	60%	70%	80%	90%
	3yrs	70%	80%	90%	100%

### (c) Qualitative Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit

25% of Base Number of Stocks to be Provided is allotted to Qualitative Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit (hereinafter referred to the "Number of Stocks to be allotted by Contribution Evaluation"). Final Number of Stocks to be Provided regarding Qualitative Evaluation Type Performance Share Unit (hereinafter referred to the "Final Number of Stocks to be Provided Based on Contribution Evaluation") is calculated by multiplying Number of Stocks to be allotted by Contribution Evaluation by Issuance rate calculated in the range of 0% to 100% according to the contribution rate of each Eligible Director in the Performance Evaluation Period (hereinafter referred to the "Contribution Condition Issuance Rate"). Specifically, the Representative Director makes a proposal to the Compensation Advisory Committee, and through the deliberation of the Committee, it is determined by resolution of the Board of Directors held to determine the Final Number of Stocks to be Provided. However, for the Outside Directors, Contribution Condition Issuance Rate is 100%.

## (d) Restricted Stock Unit

25% of Base Number of Stocks to be Provided is allotted to Restricted Stock Unit, and this is the Final Number of Stocks to be Provided if the Directors meet the following payment conditions (hereinafter referred to the "Final Number of Stocks to be Provided Based on the Enrollment").

### (e) Final Number of Stocks to be Provided

The final number of stocks to be provided is the total number of the Final Number of Stocks to be Provided Based on Achievement Evaluation, the Final Number of Stocks to be Provided Based on Contribution Evaluation and the Final Number of Stocks to be Provided Based on the Enrollment.

The number of stocks to be provided to the Eligible Directors under the System by the Company in one business year shall not exceed 20,000 stocks per Eligible Director (however, 3,000 stocks per Outside Director), and a total of 200,000 stocks for all Eligible Directors (including 10,000 stocks, for all Outside Directors). However, if the total number

of issued stocks of the Company fluctuates due to consolidation of shares, split of shares, gratis allotment of stocks, etc., the upper limit and the number of shares to be delivered to Eligible Directors will be reasonably adjusted according to its ratio.

#### (D) Payment Condition of Compensation under the System

Eligible Directors are subject to those who continuously serve as Directors or Executive Officers of the Company during the vesting period. In case he or she resigns the post of Director or Executive Officer in the period (excluding the case of reappointment immediately after the resignation), neither monetary compensation receivable nor the Company's Stock is provided under the System.

### (4) Policy for Ratio of Each Compensations Type of Individual Compensations

Compensation for Directors of the Company consists of three types of compensations, base compensation (fixed monthly compensation and various allowances if applicable), bonus and stock compensation. As for the composition ratio of base compensation, bonus, and stock compensation, the system is designed with the principle ratio of 60%: 30%: 10%.

# (5) Policy for Timing of Provision of Compensations

The base compensation is provided monthly, and the bonus is provided on July and December of each year. As for stock compensation, it is provided after the performance evaluation period, through the procedures described in the above (3).

### (6) Determination Method of Individual Compensations for Directors

As for determination process of monthly compensation and bonus for Directors of the Company, the Executive Directors, Executive Officer in charge of human resources who are members of the Compensation Advisory Committee makes proposals to such Committee, and the Compensation Advisory Committee deliberates based on the proposals and prepare a report to the Board of Directors, and the Board of Directors which receives the report, mandates the authority to determine the compensation for the respective Directors to the Representative Director and Chairman Ordooadi Ali /Representative Director Vilatte Christophe, on the condition that it respects the report by the Compensation Advisory Committee and within the scope of approval at the Shareholders' Meeting, because they best understand directors' performance in terms of business execution the best.. Stock compensation is to be decided by the Board of Directors based on the recommendation by the Compensation Advisory Committee.

#### 7 Matters regarding Outside Corporate Officers

# A. Mr. Hideo Aomatsu, Director

(a) Status of Concurrent Position as a person executing business or as an Outside Corporate Officers in Other Entity(ies) and the Relationship between the Company and such Other Entity(ies):

Representative Director and President of DRC Capital Ltd., Director of KOJITUSANSO CO.,Ltd., Representative Director and CEO of JPH Co., Ltd., Director of Super Resin Inc., Director of Manzairaku Sake Kura Co., Ltd.

There is no specific relationship between such entity and the Company.

(b) Business Relationship with Specific Related Business Entities such as Major Business Partners:

Not applicable.

(c) Main Activities During the Current Business Year

He attended all 10 Board meetings out of 10 meetings held during this current business year, expressing his opinions based on his abundant experience as a management executive.

(d) Content of duties performed as the role expected to be performed by Outside Directors

The Company expects his advice based on his knowledge such as experience in corporate management, statements representing the interests of minority shareholders, supervision of conflicts of interest, and he fulfilled those roles through participation in the meetings consisting of only independent officers, and meetings of Compensation Advisory Committee and Board of Directors.

#### B. Mr. Jean-Jacques Lavigne, Director

- (a) Status of Concurrent Position as a Director Executing Business or as an Outside Corporate Officers in Other Entity(ies) and the Relationship between the Company and such Other Entity(ies):
- (b) Business Relationship with Specific Related Business Entities such as Major Business Partners:

Not applicable.

(c) Main Activities During the Current Business Year

He attended all 10 Board meetings out of 10 meetings held during this current business year (after his inauguration in March), expressing his opinions based on his abundant experience as a management executive.

(d) Content of duties performed regarding the role expected to be performed by Outside Directors

The Company expects his advice based on his knowledge such as experience in corporate management, perspective on behalf of minority shareholders, supervision of conflicts of interest, and he fulfilled those roles through participation in the meetings consisting of only independent officers, and the meetings of Compensation Advisory Committee and Board of Directors.

- C. Mr. Aki Tsurumaki, Corporate Auditor
- (a) Status of Concurrent Position as a person executing business or as an Outside Corporate Officers in Other Entity(ies) and the Relationship between the Company and such Other Entity(ies):

Kamijo · Tsurumaki Law Office, Outside Director of BELLSYSTEM24 Holdings, Inc.

There is no specific relationship between such entity and the Company.

(b) Business Relationship with Specific Related Business Entities such as Major Business Partners:

Not applicable.

(c) Main Activities During the Current Business Year

He attended 10 times out of 10 Board meetings held during this current business year, and 14 times out of 14 Board of Corporate Auditors' meetings during this current fiscal term, expressing his opinions from the specialized viewpoint as a lawyer.

(d) Content of duties performed as the role expected to be performed by Outside Corporate Auditors

The Company expects his advice based on his knowledge such as lawyer experience, perspective on behalf of minority shareholders, and supervision of conflicts of interest, and he fulfilled those roles through participation in meetings consisting of only independent officers and of Board of Directors.

#### D. Mr. Pierre Sevaistre, Corporate Auditor

(a) Status of Concurrent Position as a person executing business or as an Outside Corporate Officers in Other Entity(ies) and the Relationship between the Company and such Other Entity(ies):

Not applicable.

(b) Business Relationship with Specific Related Business Entities such as Major Business Partners:

Not applicable.

(c) Main Activities During the Current Business Year

He attended 10 board meetings out of 10 meetings held during this current fiscal term, and all 14 times out of 14 Corporate Auditors' meetings during this current business year, expressing his opinions based on his abundant experience and knowledge of audit and risk management.

(d) Content of duties performed regarding the role expected to be performed by Outside Corporate Auditors

The Company expects his advice based on his extensive knowledge in internal control, risk management, accounting/finance, perspective on behalf of minority shareholders, and supervision of conflicts of interest, and he fulfilled those roles through participation in meetings consisting of only independent officers and of Board of Directors.

### (4) Status of Accounting Auditor

① Name of Firm: EY ShinNihon LLC

② Amount of Compensation:

	Amount Paid
Compensation paid to the Accounting Auditor for the Current	72 million yen
Business Year	
Aggregate of Money and other Proprietary Interests to be paid	72 million yen
to the Accounting Auditor by the Company and its Subsidiaries	

#### (Notes)

- 1. The auditing agreement between the Company and the accounting auditor does not clearly distinguish the amount of compensation for the audit under the Company Act and that under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, and such distinction is practically impossible. Therefore, the amounts shown in Compensation paid to the Accounting Auditor for the current business year represent the aggregate amount of these compensations.
- 2. Board of Corporate Auditors gave consent on the remuneration of accounting auditor under the Section 1 of the Article 399 of the Company Act as a result of the examination of the validity of audit time and the estimates of remuneration in addition to the confirmation of the audit plan and the actual performance in the last year.

#### 3 Policy on Decision of Dismissal or Non-reappointment of an Accounting Auditor

The Board of Corporate Auditors will make a decision on the content of the resolution to dismiss or not reappoint the accounting auditor as the agenda of the shareholders' meeting, if it determines that it is necessary to do so, e.g., in case of the inability of accounting auditor's performing his/her duties.

The Board of Corporate Auditors will dismiss the accounting auditor, by the consent of all members of the Board of Corporate Auditors, if it determines that any of the conditions stipulated in Section 1 of Article 340 of the Company Act applies to the accounting auditor. In this case, the Corporate Auditor designated by the Board of Corporate Auditors will report the dismissal of the accounting auditor with the reason of such dismissal at the shareholders' meeting that is first convened after the dismissal.

Status of Auditing of the company's Subsidiaries by CPAs or Audit Firm who are not the
 Company's Accounting Auditor

Ichikoh Malaysia SDN.BHD, PT. Ichikoh Indonesia, Ichikoh Industries (Thailand) Co. Ltd. and Ichikoh (Wuxi) Automotive Parts Co. LTD. were audited by auditors (foreign auditors with qualification equivalent to that of the Company's Accounting Auditor) other than the Company's Accounting Auditor, as required by applicable laws.

- 3. System to Ensure Appropriateness of Business Execution and Status of its Operation
  - (1) System to ensure that execution of duties by Directors of the Company conforms to laws and the Articles of Incorporation and the other system to ensure appropriateness of the business operations

An outline of matters resolved at a meeting of the Board of Directors as a system for the Company to ensure appropriate business operations is shown below:

① System to ensure that execution of duties by Directors of the Company conforms to laws and the Articles of Incorporation:

Ichikoh Group Code of Conduct shall be implemented and each Director shall take initiative in complying with such Code. In addition, the Conflict of Interest Committee shall investigate transactions between the Parent Company and report the result to the Board of Directors. And also, awareness of the compliance with laws and the Articles of Incorporation by the Directors shall be enhanced through training of Directors and regular report from Compliance ·CSR Committee and Global Compliance Committee at the Board of Directors meetings, participation of Outside Directors in Board of Directors meetings, and activities of Independent Directors meeting.

② System to maintain and control the information relating to the execution of duties by the Directors of the Company:

The internal rules shall be implemented respectively for the minutes of the shareholders' meeting, Board of Directors meeting and other important meetings as well as important decision making documents, and, such minutes and documents shall be appropriately and properly managed and maintained according to such internal rules as well as the "Information Management Rules."

(3) The rules and other system to manage risks for losses of the Company:

Management system for the risk for the emergency situation and daily activities shall be established through the activities of identifying, analyzing and evaluating risks foreseeable in the corporate management, based on the Risk Management Rules. In particular, in case of an emergency situation, the Company will secure the continuity of business through the "Business Continuity Management Rules," disaster countermeasures manual and emergency communication network in preparation of a disaster and the person in charge of a disaster which the Company established.

4 System to ensure efficient execution of duties by Directors of the Company:

The materials for the Board of Directors meeting shall be described well in advance and thus enough time to review the subject shall be secured. The Directors who execute business shall also take the position of executive officer and the area of responsibility of each such Director shall be determined and the business is executed by each such Director. The yearly budget and mid-term management plan shall be prepared and deployed, and the business is executed.

(5) System to ensure that execution of duties by employees of the Company conforms to laws and the Articles of Incorporation:

Thorough observation to the "Compliance Rules" and the "CSR Rules" shall be promoted, and internal "whistle blow" system has been operated Awareness by individual employee of compliance to laws shall have been enhanced by monitoring the activities of the Company and employees and providing training as the activities of the Compliance CSR Committee and Global Compliance Committee.

System to ensure appropriateness of the operation of Corporate Group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries:

The soundness and effectiveness of the corporate management of subsidiaries shall be checked and, as necessary, corrective action and guidance shall be provided to subsidiaries by implementing "Affiliate Companies Management Rules" and other rules relating to the affiliated companies.

(6) 1) The matters relating to the report to the Company on the execution of the duties by Directors (and the equivalent) of the subsidiaries of the Company:

The status of the execution of the duties by Directors of the subsidiaries shall be supervised by both appointing Directors of the subsidiary and having submitted the minutes of the Board of Directors meetings to the Company. Any important matters shall be timely and properly reported to the Company by the subsidiaries in accordance with the "Affiliated Companies Management Rules" and other rules relating to the affiliated companies.

(6) 2) The rules and other system to manage risks for losses of the subsidiaries of the Company:

The system for risk management as a corporate group shall be implemented by having the subsidiaries establish the risk management rules, regularly obtaining the information of the risks of the subsidiaries and analyzing and evaluating such risks.

(6) 3) System to ensure efficient execution of duties by Directors of the subsidiaries of the Company:

The authority of the Directors of the subsidiary shall be established in the "Affiliated Company Management Rules" and the scope and policy of the business of each subsidiary shall be made clear in the mid-term plan.

(6) 4) System to ensure that execution of duties by Directors and employees of the subsidiaries of the Company conforms to laws and the Articles of Incorporation:

Ichikoh Group Code of Conduct and "Compliance Rules" shall be deployed to each subsidiary and internal whistle blow system shall be implemented. The activities for compliance by each subsidiary shall be reported in the Compliance CSR Committee and Global Compliance Committee.

7 The matters relating to employee assigned to provide assistance to the duties of the Corporate Auditor, when the Corporate Auditor requests such employee:

When a Corporate Auditor requests to assign an employee who provides assistance to the duty of the Corporate Auditor, the company shall have Audit Department and other organization provide such assistance.

The matters relating to the independency of the employee who should provide assistance to the duties of the Corporate Auditor from Directors of the Company:

In the case of personal change of the person who should provide assistance to the duties of the Corporate Auditor, the Company shall in advance consult with the Corporate Auditor and makes decision taking into account the opinion of the Corporate Auditor.

The matter to ensure the efficient execution of the instruction from the Corporate Auditor to the person who should provide assistance to the Corporate Auditor:

Directors should not intervene in the instruction by the Corporate Auditor to the

person who should provide assistance to the duties of the Corporate Auditor. The job description of the Audit Department should clearly state the assistance to the duties of the Corporate Auditor.

(10) System for reporting to the Corporate Auditors of the Company:

Directors and employees shall report the status of execution of business and provide other information in the Board of Directors meetings and other important internal meetings where the Corporate Auditor is present. Directors will fully cooperate in the audit pursuant to the audit plan prepared by Corporate Auditors and provide information.

(10) 1) System for reporting by Directors and employees to the Corporate Auditor.

Directors and employees of the Company shall make report to the Corporate Auditor in the Board of Directors meetings, Management Committee meetings and other important meetings where the Corporate Auditor is present, directly during audit, the opportunity for the communication with President, Accounting Auditor and any other opportunities depending on the importance of the subject.

(10) 2) System for reporting to the Corporate Auditor of the Company by Directors (and equivalent) and employees of the subsidiaries of the Company and the person who receives the report from such Directors and employees.

The Corporate Auditor of the Company shall receive reports from the Directors, employees of the subsidiaries of the Company and the person who receives the report from such Directors and employees through information exchange with the corporate auditor of the subsidiaries and audit of the subsidiaries. In addition, the Corporate Auditor shall directly receive whistle blow notice in the internal Whistle Blow system.

① System to ensure that the person who makes a report to the Corporate Auditor of the Company shall not be adversely treated because of making such a report.

The rules relating to the internal Whistle Blow system clearly prohibits the adverse treatment to the person who makes the whistle blow notice because of making such whistle blow notice.

12 The matters relating to policy of the procedure for the advance payment or repayment of the expenses incurred as a result of performance of the duties by the Corporate

Auditor of the Company and for the other processing of the expenses or the debt incurred as a result of such performance of the duties.

The Company shall not refuse the payment of the expenses necessary for the performance of the duties by the Corporate Auditor. When requested by the Corporate Auditor, such request shall be processed in accordance with the laws and procedure for the processing of expenditure and payment schedule of the Company.

(3) Other system to ensure efficient audit by Corporate Auditors of the Company:

The Company shall respect "Rules for the Board of Auditors," "Rules for the Audit by the Corporate Auditor" and "Standard for the Audit by the Corporate Auditor" and cooperate the execution of the audit plan.

(February 22, 2022)

# (2) The status of the operation of the system to ensure the appropriateness of business operations

Overview of the implementation status of the system to ensure the appropriateness of the Company's business operations in the current fiscal year is as follows.

(1) Actions taken in relation to compliance

The Company hold the meetings of the Compliance · CSR Committee, which is chaired by the Officer in charge of Corporate Planning Department, 4 times this year, in accordance with the Compliance · CSR Committee Management Guidelines. The Committee has conducted maintenance of internal rules, such as Rules for Prevention of Insider Trading, education for non-Japanese managers, investigation whether there is any anti-social forces in our customers, report on the contact with competitors to secretariat office of the Compliance · CSR Committee and survey on status of compliance with laws and regulations using a tool by an external service provider. For internal reporting system, among other things, by include the Corporate Auditor as a recipient of the report, the Company has been trying to thoroughly eliminate the disadvantageous treatment of whistleblowers. In addition, the company also regularly conducts education for compliance awareness on a group-wide basis such as training of legal responsibility and Corporate Ethics for non-Japanese officers and training for foreign subsidiaries.

Furthermore, the Conflict of Interest Monitoring Committee has been examining the conditions of the transactions with Valeo group companies and reported the result to the Board of Directors 4 times.

Based on the Company's risk management regulations, the company has been extracting the significant risks including those of the Group companies and has been planning the way to reduce the risk, and the follow-up including the progress of the plan has been made in the management meeting in which the President participate. In addition, in particular, with regard to hazard risks, such as the earthquake and the typhoon, the BCM committee meetings were held three times a year, and an annual activity plan has been followed up in the meetings where the executives participate.

#### 3 Activities on subsidiary management

Reporting and approval system is secured in accordance with the Affiliated Company Management Rules and the Overseas Affiliated Company Management Rules, activities of ASEAN foreign subsidiaries management have been reviewed on a monthly basis with participation by the President, and the activities of domestic subsidiaries have been followed up by the responsible business unit. In addition, in the current fiscal year, the business plans for all group companies have been reported and shared by holding Leaders (policy presentation) in which President of subsidiaries also participated. Furthermore, the Global Compliance Committee meeting was held 3 times this year to develop and strengthen the Group compliance system.

### 4 Audit by Corporate Auditors

The Company's Board of Corporate Auditors is composed of three auditors, including two outside auditors and, for this fiscal year, meetings of the Board of Corporate Auditors were held 14 times. Corporate Auditors attended the meetings of the Board of Directors on the basis of the audit plan, participated as observers in the Compliance · CSR Committee meetings, and shared information with the accounting auditor. In addition to above activities as auditors, full-time corporate auditor also utilized supporting employees, attended the Management Committee meetings, participated as observers in the Global Compliance Committee meetings, had the conference with the internal audit department, made visiting audits to domestic and overseas subsidiaries and the individual audit, and all through these activities, he gathered various information. By all these means, the Corporate Auditors audit whether or not performance of duties of the Board of Directors violates the laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation this company.

# $\underline{Consolidated\ Balance\ Sheet}$

(as of December 31, 2022)

(Unit: Million Yen)

Account Item	Amount	Account Item	Amount
(Assets)		(Liabilities)	
Current Assets	63,280	Current Liabilities	58,485
Cash on hand and in banks	8,631	Notes Payable & Accounts Payable-Trade	36,982
Notes, and accounts receivable trade	27,121	Short-term Loans	1,400
Electronically recorded monetary claims	388	Long-term Loans which will be repaid within 1 year	2,022
Finished Goods	5,438	Lease Obligations	541
Works in Process	2,776	Account Payable-Not Trade	3,857
Raw Materials & Stored Goods	5,284	Accrued Corporate Taxes	453
Short-term loans receivable	10,841	Accrued Expenses	5,112
Others	2,857	Reserve for Bonus	1,113
Allowance for doubtful accounts	$\triangle 60$	Reserve for Officers' Bonus	36
		Warranty Reserve	1,983
		Others	4,983
Fixed Assets	62,634	Long-term Liabilities	12,421
Property, Plant & Equipment	41,656	Long-term Loans	920
Buildings & Structures	12,332	Lease Obligations	2,892
Mechanical Equipment & Transport Equipment	17,753	Deferred Tax Liability	153
Tooling, Furniture & Fixtures	2,633	Net defined benefit liability	8,182
Land	2,788	Asset Retirement Obligation	172
Lease Assets	2,983	Provision for environmental	23
		measures	
Construction in Progress	3,164	Others	76
Intangible Assets	859	Total Liabilities	70,907
		(Net Assets)	
		Shareholders' Equity	56,096
		Capital Stock	8,986
Investment & other Assets	20,118	Capital Surplus	2,505
Investment Securities	2,268	Retained Earnings	44,660
Long-term Loans	1,128	Treasury Stock	$\triangle 55$
Investment in affiliates	9,477	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	$\triangle 1,762$
Deferred Tax Asset	5,569	Other Valuation Difference on Securities	91
Others	1,677	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	41
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	$\triangle 3$	Re-measurements of Defined Benefit Plans	$\triangle 1,895$
		Non-controlling Interest	673
		Total Net Assets	55,007
Total Assets	125,915	Total Liabilities & Net Assets	125,915

(Note) Figures under a million yen were rounded down.

# Consolidated Statement of Income

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{From January 1, 2022} \\ \text{To December 31, 2022} \end{array}\right)$ 

(Unit : Million Yen)

Account Item	Amou	nt
Net Sales		135,451
Cost of Sale		112,253
Gross Income		23,198
Selling, General & Administrative Expenses		19,260
Operating Income		3,937
Non-Operating Income		
Interest & Dividend Received	186	
Profit on Investments by Equity Method	1,575	
Others	164	1,926
Non-Operating Expenses		
Interest Expenses	165	
Commission Fee	7	
Foreign Exchange Losses	288	
Others	51	512
Ordinary Income		5,351
Extraordinary Gains		
Gains on Sale of Fixed Assets	0	0
Extraordinary Losses		
Loss on disposal of noncurrent assets	578	
Business Structure Improvement Expenses	365	943
Income before Income Taxes & Minority Interests		4,408
Income Taxes-current	1,083	
Income taxes-deferred	△1,177	$\triangle 94$
Net Income		4,502
Net profit attributable to non-controlling shareholders		78
Net profit attributable to parent company shareholders		4,423

(Note) Figures under a million yen were rounded down

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{From January 1, 2022} \\ \text{To December 31, 2022} \end{array}\right)$ 

(Unit : Million Yen)

	Shareholders' Equity					
	Capital Stock	Capital Surplus		Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total
Opening Balance	8,986	2,	,505	39,952	$\triangle 54$	51,389
Cumulative effect from the change of accounting policy	_		_	1,053	_	1,053
Change in the Term						
Net profit attributable to parent company shareholders	_			4,423	-	4,423
Dividend of surplus	_			△768	_	△768
Acquisition of Own Shares	_			-	$\triangle 1$	$\triangle 1$
Current change in items other than shareholders' equity (Net Amount)	_		_	_	_	_
Total amount of change in current term	_		_	3,654	△1	3,653
Closing Balance	8,986	2,	,505	44,660	$\triangle 55$	56,096

	Accumul	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income				
	Other Valuation Difference on Securities	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Remeasure- ments of Defined Benefit Plans	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total Net Assets
Opening Balance	80	$\triangle 1,277$	△1,393	$\triangle 2,590$	603	49,402
Cumulative effect from the change of accounting policy	1		_	_		1,053
Change in the Term						
Net profit attributable to parent company shareholders	-	_	_	_	-	4,423
Dividend of surplus	1	_	_	_	_	$\triangle 768$
Acquisition of Own Shares	_	_	_	_	_	$\triangle 1$
Current change in items other than shareholders' equity (Net Amount)	11	1,318	△502	828	70	898
Total amount of change in current term	11	1,318	$\triangle 502$	828	70	4,551
Closing Balance	91	41	△1,895	$\triangle 1,762$	673	55,007

(Note) Figures under a million yen were rounded down

#### ■Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Notes pertaining to significant items which are the basis for the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

# 1. Scope of consolidation

(1) Status of consolidated subsidiaries

Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 7

Name of major consolidated subsidiaries: PIAA Corporation

Ichikoh (Malaysia) SDN. BHD.

PT. Ichikoh Indonesia

Ichikoh Industries (Thailand) Co., Ltd. Ichikoh (Wuxi) Automotive Parts Co., Ltd.

PIAA Corp., USA, which was a consolidated subsidiary of the Company was excluded from the scope of consolidation following the

completion of the liquidation.

# 2. Application of the equity method

(1) Status of equity method affiliates

Number of equity method affiliates: 2

Name of equity method affiliates: Valeo Ichikoh Holding Ltd.

Foshan Ichikoh Valeo Auto Lighting

Systems Co., Ltd.

(2) Non-consolidated subsidiaries/affiliates not covered by the equity method N/A

# 3. Matters relating to Fiscal years of consolidated subsidiaries

The closing date of the consolidated subsidiaries is the same as the consolidated closing date.

# 4. Summary of accounting policies

- (1) Standards and methods for valuation of significant assets
  - (1) Marketable securities

Other marketable securities:

- Shares other than the ones without market price, etc.

Marked value method based on the market value (etc.) as of settlement date (all differences in valuation are fully included in the net asset method, and sales costs are calculated by the moving average method)

- Shares without market price, etc.

Cost method on the moving average method

2 Inventories

Product, raw materials and work in progress:

Cost method with FIFO

(Balance sheet values are calculated by the book value devaluation method based on lowered profitability)

Stored goods

Cost method on moving average method

- (2) Depreciation method for important depreciable assets
  - ① Tangible fixed assets

By the straight-line method.

Estimated useful lives for major assets are as follows:

Buildings and structures 10 to 50 years

Mechanical, equipment & transport equipment 4 to 12 years

Tooling & fixtures 2 to 10 years

2 Intangible fixed assets

Software for internal use

Software for internal use is depreciated under the straight-line method over its expected available period (5 years).

Other intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are depreciated under the straight-line method.

3 Leased assets

Leased assets subject to finance leases without title transfer

Leased assets of this type are depreciated using the straight-line method with no residual value and with the lease term as a useful life

- (3) Accounting standard for significant allowances/reserves
  - (1) Allowance for bad debt

Allowance is provided at an estimated uncollectable amount by historical loss experience with regard to receivables in general, and by collectability determined for each receivable with regard to specific receivables of questionable

collectability, in order to prepare for loss on bad debt from sales receivables, loans outstanding, etc.

# ② Warranty reserve

Warranty reserve is provided at the estimated amount calculated by actual rate in the past experience with regard to products in general and, at the estimated amount ¥individually calculated for each case with regard to certain specific products in order to prepare for the loss on the expenditure for product warranties.

#### (3) Reserve for bonuses

The Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries provided the amount to be paid in this consolidated fiscal year from the estimated amount of the bonuses to prepare for the payment of bonuses to their employees.

4 Reserve for directors' bonuses

The Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries provided the estimated amount of the bonuses to be paid as of the end of the current consolidated fiscal year to prepare for the payment of bonuses to their directors and corporate auditors.

(5) Provision for Environmental Measures

The estimated amount to be paid as of the end of the current consolidated fiscal year to prepare for the expenditure for the purpose of environmental measures.

# (4) Retirement Benefit Accounting

- ① Period allocation of expected retirement benefit amounts to fiscal years
  In calculating retirement benefit payables, we use the benefit formula standard
  as the formula to allocate expected amounts of retirement benefits up through
  the end of this consolidated fiscal year.
  - 2 Method of expensing actuarial differences

Actuarial differences are expensed from the subsequent consolidated fiscal year in the prorated amount using a straight-line method over a number of years (11 years) that is within the average number of remaining service years of employees when incurred.

(5) Principal Accounting standard for significant income and expenses

Details of major obligations and the usual timing of satisfaction of such obligations (ordinary timing of revenue recognition) for major products related to revenue arising from contracts with customers of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries, are as follows.

#### a. Automotive parts

This business mainly manufactures and sells automotive parts and the

customers are domestic and overseas automotive manufacturers and automotive parts manufacturers. The Group recognizes that the main obligation is to deliver finished products to customers, and revenue from sales of such products is recognized upon delivery of each product to the customer or upon acceptance by the customer.

Revenue is measured by deducting returned goods, discounts, rebates, etc. from the consideration promised in the contract with the customer.

The consideration for the transaction was received within one year after satisfying the obligation and does not include a significant financial component. b. Molds which are sold to the customers

Revenue from molds collected from customers over a certain period from the start of mass production based on contracts with customers is recognized on the start of mass production.

Revenue is measured by deducting returned goods, discounts, rebates, etc. from the consideration promised in the contract with the customer.

# Notes to the change in accounting policy

(Application of the accounting standard for revenue recognition)

From the beginning of the consolidated accounting period for this fiscal year, "Accounting Standards for Revenue Recognition" (Corporate Accounting Standards No. 29, March 31, 2020, hereafter "Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard"), etc., is applied and revenue is recognized at the amount expected to be received in exchange for the goods or services when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer—The principal changes according to them are as follows.

Revenue recognition regarding contract to collect payment in installments for molds sold to the customers

Sales and cost of sales used to be recorded for mold-related costs collected from customers over a certain period of time from the start of mass production based on contracts with customers, but it has been changed to the method to record sales and cost of sales at the start of mass production if the certain requirements are met. Molds for which payments were collected from customers in installments used to be recorded as fixed assets, but they are recorded as inventories until the start of mass production according to this change.

The application of Revenue Recognition Accounting Standards, etc. follows the transitional treatment stipulated in the proviso of paragraph 84 of the Revenue Recognition Accounting Standards and retained earnings at the beginning of the current fiscal year are adjusted to reflect the cumulative effect of retroactive application of new accounting policies prior to the beginning of the current fiscal year, and then the

new accounting policies from the balance is applied at the beginning of the current fiscal year. As a result, the sales for the consolidated this fiscal year decreased by 2,283 million yen, cost of sales decreased by 1,636 million yen, and operating income, ordinary income and net income before income taxes and other adjustments respectively decreased by 646 million yen. In addition, the retained earnings balance in the beginning of this fiscal year increased by 1,031 million yen.

(Application of IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets" (Rev.May2020))

Overseas consolidated subsidiaries that apply international accounting standards have applied IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" (revised in May 2020) from the beginning of the current consolidated fiscal year. In accordance with transitional measures, figures for the previous consolidated fiscal year were not restated.

The cost to fullfill contracts in onerous contracts was clarified by the amendments and the cumulative effect of the starting application of the amendments to the standard was recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. As a result, the opening balance of retained earnings decreased by 98 million yen. The impact on profit and loss for the current consolidated fiscal year is negligible.

(Application of Accounting Standards, etc. for Calculation of Market Value)

We applied "Accounting Standards for Market Value Calculation" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan No. 30, July 4, 2019; hereinafter referred to as "Accounting Standard for Market Value") from the beginning of the current consolidated fiscal year and decided to apply the new accounting policy which the Accounting Standards for Market Value stipulates in the future in accordance with the transitional provisions stipulated in the paragraph 19 of the Accounting Standards for Market Value and "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan No. 10, July 4, 2019), paragraph 44-2. There is no effect on the consolidated financial statements.

(IFRIC Agenda determination "Attribution of benefits to periods of service" (IAS No.19)

Previously, in certain overseas consolidated subsidiaries that apply international accounting standards, retirement benefit obligations were recognized according to the employee's service period, but they applied the method of recognition according to the period in which the burden of retirement benefit obligation from the current consolidated fiscal year based on the agenda determination by IFRS

Interpretations Committee(IFRIC) "Attribution of benefits to periods of service" published in May 2021, clarified the method of recognizing retirement benefit obligations in Indonesia

As a result of recognizing the cumulative effect of the start of application of this change as an adjustment to the balance of retained earnings at the beginning of the period, the balance of retained earnings at the beginning of the current period increased by 121 million yen. The impact on profit and loss for the current consolidated fiscal year is negligible.

# Notes on changes of accounting estimates

(Change in the number of years for amortization of actuarial differences in accounting for retirement benefits)

Previously, the amortization period for actuarial differences in retirement benefit accounting was 13 years but the amortization period for actuarial differences was changed to 11 years from current consolidated fiscal year because the average remaining service period of employees was shortened.

The impact of the change in the period for amortization of expenses on loss and income for current consolidated fiscal year is negligible.

#### Notes to Accounting Estimates

Provision for product warranties

(1) The Amount recorded on the consolidated financial statement for the current consolidated fiscal year

(Unit: Million yen)

	The Current fiscal year
Provision for product warranties	1,983

(2) Information concerning significant accounting estimates relating to identified items
To prepare the payment for product warranties, in addition to the recording of estimates
of the expected amount based on historical data, , the provisions for the product
warranties for specific products that could be incurred due to market measures is
recorded by the method of individual estimation when the possibility of market measures
is high and when the reasonable estimation is possible. The amount of such provisions is
estimated on the basis of currently available information and historical record of the
quantity of repair and replacement and in consideration with the number of units subject
to repair and replacement, repair and replace costs per unit, and the liability ratio
determined depending on the cause of problem and, if applicable, coverage of insurance for
collection costs of the products, and is recorded.

We have concluded that our estimates as assumption for condition precedent relating to the calculation of the provision for product warranties is reasonable. However, since these estimates contain uncertainty, unpredictable changes in such assumption could cause deviation in the actual product warranties from the estimate, which could lead a modification to provision for product warranties.

#### Other Notes

(Additional information)

The Company resolved at the Board of Directors held on September 26, 2022 the sale of the shares of its wholly owned domestic mirror business subsidiary, Misato Industries Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to the "Misato") to SMR Automotive Mirrors UK Limited, one of the group companies of Samvardhana Motherson International Limited (hereinafter collectively referred to the "Motherson Group") after absorption-type company splitting to and absorbing by Misato of the Company's business related to the design, development, manufacture and sale of automotive mirrors with the equity interests of Ichikoh(Wuxi) Automotive Parts Co.,Ltd., a specified subsidiary that operates mirror business in China (hereinafter referred the "Business"), and concluded a share transfer agreement for this sale of shares.

1. Purpose of the transaction

By splitting the "Business" which consists of the Company's mirror business and the

equity interest to the operating company in China by a company split (absorption-type company split) method and transferring it to Misato, the Company realizes the spin-off of the Business. After that, the Company will sell the Business by selling all the shares of Misato to SMR Automotive Mirrors UK Limited. The Company considers that, by selling the Business to the Motherson Group, Misato, which operates the Business, will enhance its global capability and ability to develop new products such as next-generation electronic mirrors, and will build a foundation for mid- to long-term development by selling the Business to the Motherson Group. In addition, the Company group will secure even stronger competitiveness by promoting selection and concentration on the remaining Lighting businesses, etc. and the prioritized allocation of limited management resources.

- 2. Type of company split and share transfer
- ①An absorption-type company split

An absorption-type company split (simplified split) in which the Company is the splitting company and the Company's wholly owned subsidiary Misato is the succeeding company.

2Share transfer

Share transfer of Misato with SMR Automotive Mirrors UK Limited as the transferee

- 3. Date of company split and share transfer
- ① Company split
  March 1, 2023 (Scheduled)
- ② Share transfer

May 1, 2023 (Scheduled)

- 4. Name and the business of the companies concerned with the company split
- ① Name and the business of the splitting company

Corporate Name Ichikoh Industries, Ltd.

Business Manufacturing and sale of automotive electrical components (lamps),

mirrors, other automotive accessories and developed products

② Name and the business of the succeeding company

Corporate Name Misato Industries Co., Ltd.

Business Business for design, development, manufacturing and sale of automotive mirrors

# Notes to Consolidated Balance Sheet

1. Cumulative amount of depreciation of tangible fixed assets

61,012Million yen

# 2. Discounts to Electronically Recorded Monetary Claim

Discounts to Electronically Recorded Monetary Claim

1,688 Million yen

# Notes to Statement of Consolidated Changes in Shareholders' Equity

# 1. Total number and type of shares issued as of end of consolidated fiscal year:

Common stock 96,292,401 shares

# 2. Dividends

# (1) Dividends paid to shareholders

			Amount	Amount of dividend		
Resolution	Types of	Source of	(million	per share		Effective
approved	shares	dividends	yen)	(yen)	Record date	date
Annual	Common	Retained			December 31,	March 28,
general	stock	earnings			2021	2022
meeting of			336	3.5		
shareholders			336	5.5		
as of March						
25, 2022						
Board of	Common	Retained			June 30, 2022	September
directors	stock	earnings				6, 2022
meeting as of			432	4.5		
August 8,						
2022						

# (2) Dividends with a shareholders' cut-off date within the current consolidated fiscal year but an effective date within the subsequent consolidated fiscal year

				Amount		
				of		
			Amount	dividend		
Resolution	Types of	Source of	(millions	per share		Effective
approved	shares	dividends	yen)	(yen)	Record date	date

Annual	Common	Retained	432	4.5	December 31,	March 27,
general	stock	earnings			2022	2023
meeting of						
shareholders						
as of March						
24, 2023						
(scheduled)						

#### Notes Regarding Financial Instruments

#### 1. Status of financial instruments

The Company group, in principle, limits their fund management to short-term deposits and funds procurement mainly by borrowings from bank and Valeo. Regarding such customer credit risk items as notes receivables, accounts receivable and electronically recorded monetary claims, the Company seeks to reduce such risk through the management of due date and balances due for each counterparty. Investments in securities are mostly stocks, and the fair market values of listed stocks are recorded quarterly.

Borrowings are used for working capital (mainly short-term) and capital investment (long-term).

#### 2. Items relating to the fair market values of financial instruments

Summarized below are the amounts in the consolidated balance sheet, fair market values and differences as of December 31, 2022 (settlement date of this fiscal year).

(Unit: Million yen)

	Consolidate	Fair market	Difference
	d balance	value	
	sheet		
	amount		
Securities and investments in securities			
Other securities	267	267	_
Total Assets	267	267	_
Long-term loan			
(Including the loan scheduled to be	2,942	2,943	1
repaid within one year)			
Lease obligations			
(Including the obligations scheduled to	3,433	3,422	△11
be repaid within one year)			
Total Liability	6,375	6,366	$\triangle 9$

(Note 1) "Cash on hand and in banks" "Notes and accounts receivable-trade"

"Electronically recorded monetary claims" "Short-term loans receivable" "Notes and accounts payable trade" and "Short-term loan" has been omitted because they are cash and because the fair value approximates the book value due to the settlement in a short period.

Nonmarketable securities, etc. are not included in the table above. Recorded amount of such financial instruments to consolidated balance sheet amounts are as follows.

Classification	Recorded amount to consolidated balance		
	sheet	(Unit: Million yen)	
Non-listed securities		11,478	

# 3. Items relating to the breakdown, etc. on each level of the market values of financial instruments

The market value of financial instruments is classified into the following three levels according to the observability and materiality of the inputs used in the calculation of the market value.

Level 1: Market value calculated from (unadjusted) quoted prices in active

markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Market value calculated using directly or indirectly observable inputs

other than Level 1 inputs

Level 3: Market value calculated using significant unobservable inputs

If multiple inputs that have a significant impact on the same market value calculation are used, the market value is classified into the level with the lowest priority in the calculation of the market value among the levels to which each of these inputs belongs.

# (1) Financial instruments recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at the market value

Classification	Market value (million yen)					
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Lavel 3	Total		
Investment securities						
Other securities						
Stocks	267	_	_	267		
Total assets	267	_	_	267		

# (2) Financial instruments other than the ones which recorded on the consolidated balance sheet at the market value

Classification		Market value (million yen)				
Classification	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Long-term loans(including the loans which will be repaid within 1 year)	_	2,943	_	2,943		
Lease obligation (including the obligation which will be repaid within 1 year)	_	3,422	_	3,422		
Total liabilities	_	6,366	_	6,366		

(Note)Description for valuation techniques used in the calculation of the market value and inputs related to the calculation of the market value

# Investment securities

Listed stocks are valued using quoted market prices. Listed stocks are classified as Level 1 market prices because they are traded in an active market.

# Long-term loan and lease obligation

These market values are calculated using the discounted present value method based on the total amount of principal and interest, the interest rate that takes into account the remaining term of the debt and credit risk, and are classified as level 2 market values.

### Notes on revenue recognition

1. Information that disaggregates revenue from contracts with customers

(million yen)

	Reporting	m , 1		
	Automotive parts	Aftermarket	Total	
Sales				
Japan	92,955	6,756	99,711	
Overseas	34,934	805	35,740	
Revenue from contracts with customers	127,889	7,561	135,451	
Other revenue			_	
Sales to outside customers	127,889	7,561	135,451	

2. Basic information to understand the revenue from contracts with customers

Basic information to understand the revenue from contracts with customers is as stated in "Notes on Important Matters for Preparing Consolidated Financial Statements 4. Matters Concerning Accounting Policies (5) Accounting Standards for Significant Income and Expenses"

- 3. Information to understand the amount of revenue at the current consolidated fiscal year and from the next consolidated fiscal year onwards
- (1) Balance of contract assets and contract liabilities, etc.

Contract assets and contract liabilities of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are omitted because the balance is insignificant and there have been no significant changes.

(2) Transaction price allocated to remaining obligations

In regard to the transaction price allocated to the remaining obligations, the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries do not have any significant transactions with an expected contract period exceeding one year. There are no significant amounts that have not been included in the transaction price.

# Net assets, net income per share

Net assets per share 565.32 yen Net income per share 46.02 yen

# Balance Sheet

 $(As\ of\ December\ 31,\ 2022)$ 

 $(Unit:Million\;Yen)$ 

Account Item	Amount	Account Item	Amount
(Assets)	111110 41110	(Liabilities)	111110 41110
Current Assets	45, 478	Current Liabilities	40, 627
Cash on hand and in banks	3,110	Notes Payable	26,178
Accounts receivable	20,675	Short-term Loans	600
Electronically recorded monetary	34	Long-term Loans which will be	2,022
claims		repaid within 1 year	,
Finished Goods	2,201	Lease Obligations	164
Works in Process	2,545	Account Payable-Not Trade	1,843
Raw Materials & Stored Goods	2,582	Accrued Corporate Taxes	117
Prepaid expenses	557	Accrued Expenses	2,868
Accounts receivable-Not Trade	1,150	Deposit Received	1,031
Short-term loans receivable	12,670	Reserve for Bonus	803
Others	17	Reserve for Officers' Bonus	25
Allowance for doubtful accounts	$\triangle 67$	Warranty Reserve	1,912
		Others	3,061
Fixed Assets	46,736	Fixed Liabilities	9,092
Property, Plant & Equipment	28,357	Long-term Loans	920
Buildings	8,520	Lease Obligations	1,638
Structures	238	Retirement Allowance	6,438
Mechanical & Equipment	11,654	Asset Retirement Obligation	72
Vehicles & Transport Equipment	86	Provision for environmental	23
1 1 1		measures	20
Tooling & Fixtures	2,041		
Land	2,031		
Lease Assets	1,789		
Construction in Progress	1,996		
Intangible Assets	85		
Leasehold	3		
Right of using facilities	14		
Software	67	Total Liabilities	49,720
		(Net Assets)	
Investment & other Assets	18,293	Shareholders' Equity	42,494
Investment in Securities	45	Capital Stock	8,986
Stocks of affiliates	4,897	Capital Surplus	2,318
Investment in affiliates	5,384	Capital Reserve	2,318
Long-term Loans	1,128	Retained Earnings	31,245
Long-term prepaid expenses	327	Other Retained Earnings	31,245
Deferred Tax Asset	3,817	Unappropriated Retained Earnings	31,245
Others	2,697	Treasury Shares	△55
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	Δ3	Total Net Assets	42,494
Total Assets	92,215	Total Liabilities & Net Assets	92,215

(Note) Figures under a million yen were rounded down.

# Statement of Income

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{From January 1, 2022} \\ \text{To December 31, 2022} \end{array}\right)$ 

(Unit : Million Yen)

Account Item	Amour	nt
Net Sales		94,304
Cost of Sale		78,380
Gross Income		1, 923
Selling, General & Administrative Expenses		14,890
Operating Income		1,033
Non-Operating Income		
Interest Received	366	
Dividend Received	1,886	
Fixed Assets Rent	107	
Others	4	2,365
Non-Operating Expenses		
Interest Expenses	79	
Commission Fee	7	
Fixed Assets Rent Expenses	87	
Foreign Exchange Losses	109	283
Ordinary Income		3,115
Extraordinary Losses		
Loss from the sales of fixed assets	564	
Business Structure Improvement Expenses	365	929
Income before Income Taxes		2,185
Income Taxes-current	495	
Income taxes-deferred	△349	145
Net Income		2,040

(Note) Figures under a million yen were rounded down

# Statement of Changes in Net Assets

From January 1, 2022 To December 31, 2022

 $(Unit:Million\ Yen)$ 

		Shareholders' Equity				
		Capital	Surplus	Retained Earnings		
	Capital Stock	Capital Reserve	Total Capital Surplus	Other Retained Earnings Unappropriated Retained Earnings	Total Retained Earnings	
Opening Balance	8,986	2,318	2,318	28,942	28,942	
Cumulative effect of an accounting change	_	_	_	1,031	1,031	
Change in the Term						
Net Income	_	_	_	2,040	2,040	
Dividend of surplus	_	_	_	△768	△768	
Acquisition of Own Shares	_	_	_	_	_	
Current change in items other than shareholders' equity (Net Amount)	_	_	_	_	_	
Total amount of change in current term	_	_	_	1,271	1,271	
Closing Balance	8,986	2,318	2,318	31,245	31,245	

	Sharehold	ers' Equity		Valuation and Translation Adjustments	
	Treasury Stock	Total Shareholders' Equity	Other Valuation and Translation Adjustments	Total Valuation and Translation Adjustments	Total Net Assets
Opening Balance	$\triangle 54$	40,193	0	0	40,193
Cumulative effect of an accounting change	_	1,031	_	_	1,031
Change in the Term					
Net Income	_	2,040	_	_	2,040
Dividend of surplus	_	△768	_	_	△768
Acquisition of Own Shares	△1	△1	_	_	△1
Current change in items other than shareholders' equity (Net Amount)	_	_	$\triangle 0$	△0	$\triangle 0$
Total amount of change in current term	△1	1,270	$\triangle 0$	$\triangle 0$	1,270
Closing Balance	$\triangle 55$	42,494	_	_	42,494

(Note) Figures under a million yen were rounded down

# Notes to the Non-consolidated Financial Statements Summary of significant accounting policies

# 1. Standards and methods for valuation of significant assets

- (1) Marketable securities
  - ① Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliated companies

Cost method on the moving average method (moving average)

- 2 Other marketable securities
  - -Shares without market price, etc.

Cost method on moving average method

#### (2) Inventories

① Product, raw materials and work in progress

Cost method with FIFO

(Balance sheet values are calculated by the book value devaluation method based on lowered profitability)

2 Stored goods

Cost method on moving average method2. Depreciation method for important

## depreciable assets

(1) Tangible fixed assets (excluding leased assets)

Tangible fixed assets

By the straight-line method.

Estimated useful lives for major asset classes are as follows:

Buildings and structures 10 to 50 years

Mechanical equipment & transport equipment 4 to 12 years

Tooling& fixtures 2 to 10 years

# (2) Intangible fixed assets (excluding leased assets)

-Software for internal use

Software for internal use is depreciated under the straight-line method over its expected available period (5 years).

-Other intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are depreciated under the straight-line method.

# (3) Leased assets

Leased assets subject to finance leases without title transfer

Leased assets of this type are depreciated using the straight-line method with no residual value and with the lease term as a useful life.

#### 3. Accounting for allowances/reserves

#### (1) Allowance for bad debts

Allowance is provided at an estimated uncollectable amount by historical loss experience with regard to receivables in general, and by collectability determined for each receivable with regard to specific receivables of questionable collectability, in order to prepare for loss on bad debt from sales receivables, loans outstanding, etc.

### (2) Warranty reserve

Warranty reserve is provided at the estimated amount calculated by actual rate in the past experience with regard to products in general and, at the estimated amount individually calculated for each case with regard to certain specific products in order to prepare for the loss on the expenditure for product warranties

#### (3) Allowance for retirement benefits

An allowance for retirement benefits is recorded based on the projected retirement benefit payables and pension assets as of the end of the current consolidated fiscal year, in order to provide for the employees' retirement benefits.

Our method of accounting for retirement benefit allowances and retirement benefit expenses is as follows.

① Period allocation of expected retirement benefit amounts to fiscal years
In calculating retirement benefit payables, we use the benefit formula standard as
the formula to allocate expected amounts of retirement benefits up through the
end of this consolidated fiscal year.

#### ② Method of expensing actuarial differences

Actuarial differences are expensed from the subsequent consolidated fiscal year in the prorated amount using a straight-line method over a number of years (11 years) that is within the average number of remaining service years of employees when incurred.

The treatment of the unrecognized actuarial differences in the non-consolidated balance sheet is different from the treatment in the consolidated balance sheet.

#### (4) Reserve for bonuses

The Company provided the amount to be paid in this consolidated fiscal year from the estimated amount of the bonuses to prepare for the payment of bonuses to the employees.

# (5) Reserve for directors' bonuses

The Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries provided the estimated amount of the bonuses to be paid as of the end of the current consolidated fiscal year to prepare for the payment of bonuses to their directors and corporate

auditors.

#### (6) Provision for Environmental Measures

The estimated amount to be paid as of the end of the current consolidated fiscal year to prepare for the expenditure for the purpose of environmental measures.

#### 4. Accounting standard for significant income and expenses

Details of major obligations and the usual timing of satisfaction of such obligations (ordinary timing of revenue recognition) for major products related to revenue arising from contracts with customers of the Company are as follows.

#### a. Automotive parts

This business mainly manufactures and sells automotive parts and the customers are domestic and overseas automotive manufacturers and automotive parts manufacturers. The Group recognized that the main obligation is to deliver finished products to customers. Revenue from sales of such products is recognized upon delivery of each product to the customer or upon acceptance by the customer.

Revenue is measured by deducting returned goods, discounts, rebates, etc. from the consideration promised in the contract with the customer.

The consideration for the transaction was received within one year after satisfying the obligation and does not include a significant financial component.

b.Mold which are sold to the customers

Revenue from molds collected from customers over a certain period from the start of mass production based on contracts with customers is recognized on the start of mass production.

Revenue is measured by deducting returned goods, discounts, rebates, etc. from the consideration promised in the contract with the customer.

#### Notes to the change in accounting policy

(Application of the accounting standard for revenue recognition)

From the beginning of the consolidated accounting period for this business year, "Accounting Standards for Revenue Recognition" (Corporate Accounting Standards No. 29, March 31, 2020, hereafter "Revenue Recognition Accounting Standard"), etc., is applied and revenue is recognized at the amount expected to be received in exchange for the goods or services when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to the customer—The principal changes according to them are as follows.

# Revenue recognition regarding contract to collect payment in installments for molds sold to the customers

Sales and cost of sales used to be recorded for mold-related costs collected from customers over a certain period of time from the start of mass production based on contracts with customers, but it has been changed to the method to record sales and cost of sales at the start of mass production if the certain requirements are met. Molds for which payments were collected from customers in installments used to be recorded as fixed assets, but they are recorded as inventories until the start of mass production according to this change.

The application of Revenue Recognition Accounting Standards, etc. follows the transitional treatment stipulated in the proviso of paragraph 84 of the Revenue Recognition Accounting Standards and retained earnings at the beginning of the current business year are adjusted to reflect the cumulative effect of retroactive application of new accounting policies prior to the beginning of the current business year and then the new accounting policies is applied from the balance at the beginning of the current business year..

As a result, the sales for the consolidated this business year decreased by 2,283 million yen, cost of sales decreased by 1,636 million yen, and operating income, ordinary income and net income before income taxes and other adjustments respectively decreased by 646 million yen. In addition, the retained earnings balance in the beginning of this fiscal year increased by 1,031 million yen.

(Application of Accounting Standards, etc. for Calculation of Market Value)

We applied "Accounting Standards for Market Value Calculation" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan No. 30, July 4, 2019; hereinafter referred to as "Accounting Standard for Market Value") from the beginning of the current consolidated fiscal year and decided to apply the new accounting policy which the Accounting Standards for Market Value stipulates in the future in accordance with the transitional provisions stipulated in the paragraph 19 of the Accounting Standards for Market Value and "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan No. 10, July 4, 2019), paragraph 44-2. There is no effect on the consolidated financial statements.

# Notes on changes of accounting estimates

(Change in the number of years for amortization of actuarial differences in accounting for retirement benefits)

Previously, the amortization period for actuarial differences in retirement benefit according was 13 years but the amortization period for actuarial differences was changed to 11 years from the current business year because the average remaining service period of employees was shortened.

The impact of the change in the period for amortization of expenses on the loss and income for the current business year is negligible.

#### Notes to Accounting Estimates

Provision for product warranties

(1) the Amount recorded on the Non-consolidated financial statement for the current fiscal year

(Unit: Million yen)

	The Current fiscal year
Provision for product warranties	1,912

(2) Information concerning significant accounting estimates relating to identified items
To prepare the payment for product warranties, in addition to the recording of estimates
of the expected amount based on historical data, the provisions for the product warranties
for specific products that could be incurred due to market measures is recorded by the
method of individual estimation when the possibility of market measures is high and
when the reasonable estimation is possible. The amount of such provisions is estimated on
the basis of currently available information and historical record of the quantity of repair
and replacement and separately calculated in consideration with the number of units
subject to repair and replacement, repair and replace costs per unit, and the liability ratio
determined depending on the cause of problem and, if applicable, coverage of insurance for
collection costs of the products, and is recorded

We have concluded that our estimates as assumption for calculating the provision for product warranties is reasonable. However, since these estimates contain uncertainty, unpredictable changes in such assumption could cause deviation in the actual product warranties from the estimate, which could lead a modification to provision for product warranties.

#### Other Notes

(Additional information)

Additional information was omitted because it is the same as "Other notes" stated for consolidated financial statements.

#### Notes to Balance Sheet

1. Accumulated depreciation of tangible fixed assets

41,256 Million yen

2. Amount of Discount Electronically Recorded receivables 1,594 Million yen

3. Account receivables from and account payables to the affiliated companies

Short-term monetary receivables 14,981 Million yen
Long-term monetary receivables 1,128 Million yen
Short-term monetary payables 4,662 Million yen

# 4. Guarantee Obligations

We guarantee the lease and loan obligations of the following affiliated company.

Guarantee	Balance (Million yen)	Content of guaranty
Ichikoh Industries (Thailand) Co.	191	Guaranty of lease
Ltd.		obligations

#### Notes to Income Statement

Transactions with related parties

(Unit: Million yen)

Sales	1,818
Purchases	14,257
Selling, general and administrative expenses	592
Transactions other than business transactions	1 156

# Note to Statement of Change in Shareholders' Equity

Total number and type of treasury stocks as of end of the fiscal year:

Common stock 179,414 shares

# Notes regarding deferred tax accounting

Breakdowns of occurrences of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities by cause

(Unit: Million yen)

# Deferred tax assets

Reserve for retirement benefits	1,968
Variation loss of stocks of affiliated companies	1,949
Undetermined liabilities	1,167
Warranty reserve	584
Reserve for bonuses	253
Inventory	271
Fixed assets (impairment)	74

Amount exceeding the limit for deductible amount of	59	
allowance for depreciation	52	
Other	154	
Deferred tax asset subtotal	6,477	
Valuation allowance	△2,089	
Total deferred tax assets	4,387	
Deferred tax liabilities	_	
Tangible fixed assets (asset retirement obligations)	0	
Prepaid pension cost	569	
Total deferred tax liabilities	570	
Net deferred tax assets	3,817	

# Notes regarding related party transactions

# 1. Parent company and major shareholder etc.

(Unit: million yen)

Relation	Party	Ichikoh's share of voting rights	Relevant transaction types	Transaction description	Transaction amount	Line item	EOY balance
Parent company	Valeo S.A.	61.16% Indirectly	Loan	Loan	100	Short-term	0.000
		owned		Interest Received (Note)	16	loan	8,000

Policies for determining transactions and their terms, etc.

(Notes) For the loan to Valeo, the interest rate is determined in consideration of market interest rate.

# 2. Subsidiaries, affiliates, etc.

(Unit: million yen)

		Ichikoh's					
		share of					
		voting	Relevant	Transaction	Transaction		EOY
Relation	Party	rights	transaction types	description	amount	Line item	balance
Subsidiary	Kyushu	100.0%,	Purchase of	Purchase of		Accounts	2,311
	Ichikoh	direct	products and	components	10,706	payables	

			components; Paid supply;; Executives taking concurrent position	and products (Note )1  Fix asset rental (Note )1  Repayment of fund	700	Short-term loans	
				Interest income (Note )2	15		800
Subsidiary	PT.Ichikoh Indonesia	99.9%,dire ct, 0.1% indirect	Purchase and sale of components and products; Technical support; Royalty Agreement: Executives taking concurrent position	Sales of components and products, Technical support, Royalty agreement	1,100	Accounts	731
				Interest income (Note )2	266	Short-term loans	3,870
Affiliate	Valeo Ichikoh Holding Ltd.	15.0%, direct	Supervision of automotive lamp business in China market	Interest income (Note )2	43	Long-term loans	1,128
						Current asset and others	42

Policies for determining transactions and their terms, etc.

- (Notes) 1. The prices and other terms of transactions are determined through negotiations, based on the considerations calculated by the Company, taking into account market prices, etc..
- (Notes) 2. For lending to Kyushu Ichikoh K.K., PT. Ichikoh Indonesia and Valeo Ichikoh Holding, the interest rate is determined in consideration of a market interest rate.

## Notes on revenue recognition

The information that forms the basis for understanding revenue generated from contracts with customers is omitted because the same information is provided in the notes to consolidated financial statements "Notes on revenue recognition"

Net assets, net income per share

Net assets per share 442.14 yen Net income per share 21.23 yen Accounting Auditor's Report Regarding the Consolidated Financial Statements Omitted:

Accounting Auditor's Report

Omitted:

#### Audit Report of the Board of Corporate Auditors

### **Audit Report**

The Board of Corporate Auditors, regarding the execution of business by the Board of Directors during the 93rd business year, from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022, prepared this audit reports and hereby report as follows, as a result of the deliberation based on Audit Report which was prepared by each Corporate Auditor.

- Methods and Subject of the Audit by the Corporate Auditors and Board of Corporate Auditors 1
- (1) The Board of Corporate Auditors established the auditing policy and the allocation of tasks and, received reports from each Corporate Auditor regarding the status and results of audit, and further received reports from Directors, etc. and the Accounting Auditor regarding the status of performing their duties and asked for explanations when necessary.
- (2) Each Auditor, in compliance with the auditing standards for the Corporate Auditors established by the Board of Corporate Auditors and in accordance with the auditing policy and allocation of tasks, communicated with the Directors, the internal auditing department, and other employees, established an environment for information collection and auditing and performed the audit as follows:
- ① We attended the meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings, received reports of the execution of business of the Directors and other employees, requested explanations when necessary, examined important documents related to the decision making, and investigated the operations and assets of headquarters and main facilities. With respect to the subsidiaries, we had communication with and exchanged information with the Directors and Corporate Auditors of the subsidiary and received reports on business from the subsidiaries, as necessary.
- ② With respect to the resolution by the Board of Directors regarding the implementation of a system required under Articles 100-1 and -3 of the Rules for Enforcement of the Companies Act as the system necessary for ensuring that the business executed by Directors complies with statutes and the Articles of Incorporation and also ensuring the appropriateness of the execution of business by the Company group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries ("Internal Control System") and such Internal Control System implemented in accordance with such resolution as noted in the Business Report, each Corporate Auditor periodically received reports from Directors and other employees about the establishment and operation thereof, requested explanations when necessary, and expressed opinions.
- We monitored and verified that the Accounting Auditor maintains its independent position and conducted fair audit, and received report on the execution of the duties from the Accounting Auditor and requested explanation as necessary. Further, we received the notice that the Accounting Auditor has been implementing the "System to Ensure the

Appropriateness of Execution of Duties" (the matters listed in the Section 131 of the Ordinance on Company Accounting) in accordance with the "Quality Control Standard on Audit" (Corporate Accounting Council October 28, 2005) and requested explanation, as necessary. Based on the method described above, we reviewed the Business Report, the supplemental schedule thereof, financial statements (balance sheet, income statement, shareholder equity statement, and notes to the financial statements) and the supplemental schedule thereof, and consolidated financial statements (consolidated balance sheet, consolidated income statement, consolidated shareholder equity statement, and notes to the consolidated financial statements) covering the current business year.

#### 2. Audit Results

- (1) Results of Auditing the Business Report, etc.
- ① The Business Report and the supplemental schedule thereof are found to be in accordance with statutes and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and properly indicate the status of the Company.
- ② No fraudulent act nor material fact in violation of statues, regulations, or the Articles of Incorporation was found regarding the execution of business by Directors.
- ③ It was found that the contents of decisions of the Board of Directors regarding the Internal Control System are proper. Further there is nothing to point out as a concern in the statements in the Business Report regarding the Internal Control System or the execution of business by the Directors.
- ④ It was found that the matters to which attention was paid in order to avoid damage of interest of the company regarding transactions with the parent company and the judgement by the Board of Director whether or not transaction may cause damage to company's interest and reasons thereof are proper.
- (2) Results of Auditing the Financial Statements and the Supplemental Schedule thereof We found that the methods of audit used by the Accounting Auditor Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC and the results thereof are proper.
- (3) Results of Auditing the Consolidated Financial Statements We found that the methods of audit used by the Accounting Auditor Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC and the results thereof are proper.

February 28, 2020
Ichikoh Industries Co., Ltd.
Nobuteru Kao, Full Time Corporate Auditor [seal]
Aki Tsurumaki, Outside Corporate Auditor [seal]
Sevaistre Pierre, Outside Corporate Auditor [seal]